Name.....

Reg. No.....

SECOND SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE 2019

(CUCSS)

Mathematics

MT 2C 09—TOPOLOGY

(2016 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 36 Weightage

Part A

Answer **all** questions. Each question carries a weightage of 1.

- 1. Define bounded set in a metric space. Write an example of a bounded set in the set of real numbers with usual metric.
- 2. Define convergent sequence in a metric space. Prove that constant sequence in any metric space is convergent.
- 3. Give examples of two topologies on a finite set that are not comparable.
- 4. Define semi open interval topology on the set of real numbers.
- 5. Define scattered line. Prove that every subset of irrational numbers is open in the scattered line.
- 6. Define accumulation point of a set. Give an example for accumulation point of a set in a topological space.
- 7. Define topological space in terms of closed sets.
- 8. Prove that the composite of two continuous functions is continuous in a topological space.
- 9. Define open map, surjective map and quotient map in a topological space. State a relation connecting the three.
- 10. What is meant by embedding problem in topological space ? Explain.
- 11. Prove that the property of being a finite space is divisible.
- 12. Define absolute property and relative property of a subset of a topological space.
- 13. Prove that a metric space is a T_1 space.
- 14. Define regular space, Lindeloff space and normal space. State a relation connecting the three.

(14 x 1 = 14 weightage)

Turn over

Part B

Answer any seven questions. Each question carries a weightage of 2.

- 15. Prove that open balls in a metric space are open sets.
- 16. Determine the topology induced by a discrete metric on a set.
- 17. Define co-countable topology. Prove that in the co-countable topology the only convergent sequences are those which are eventually constant.
- 18. State the second axiom of countability. Prove that if a space is second countable, then every open cover of it has a countable subcover.
- 19. Define exterior of a set in a topological space. Prove that exterior of any set in a topological space is the complement of the closure of the set.
- 20. For any three spaces X_1 , X_2 , X_3 prove that $X_1 \ge (X_2 \ge X_3) = (X_1 \ge X_2) \ge X_3$.
- 21. Prove that product topology is the weak topology determined by the projection functions.
- 22. Prove that compactness is weakly hereditary property.
- 23. Prove that the topological product of any finite number of connected space is connected.
- 24. If a space X has the property that for any two mutually disjoint closed subsets A and B of it, there exists a continuous function $f: X \rightarrow [0, 11]$ taking the value at all points of A and the value 1 at all points of **B**, then prove that X is normal.

(7 x 2 = 14 weightage)

Part C

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries a weightage of 4.

- 25. (a) Let X be a set, t a topology on X and S a family of subsets on X. Then prove that S is a sub-base for t if and only if S generates T.
 - (b) Prove that a subset A of a space X is dense in X if and only if for every non-empty open subset B of X, A n B# 0.
- 26. (a) For any subset A of a space X, with usual notations prove that A = A u
 - (b) Prove that the metric topology on IR` is the same as the product topology on a^2
- 27, (a) Define nearness relation on a set. Prove that there is a one-to-one correspondence between the set of topologies on a set and the set of ail nearness elations on that set
 - (b) Prove that every continuous real-valued function on a compact space is bounded u :1 attains its extrema.
- 28. (a) Prove that a subset of the set of real numbers with usual topology is connected if and only if it is an interval.
 - (b) Let A be a closed subset of a normal space X and suppose f: A --> [-1, 1.] is a continuous function. Then prove that there exists a continuous function F X [4,11 such that F (x) = f (x) for all X E A.

 $(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ weightage})$