<b>D</b> 7	74337	(Pages : 2)	Name	
			Reg. No	
]	FIRST SEMESTER B.Com. DE	EGREE EXAMINA	ATION, NOVEMBER 2014	
	(	CUCBCSS-UG)		
	Com	plementary Course		
	BC IC 01—M	ANAGERIAL ECON	OMICS	
Time	:Three Hours		Maximum: 80 Marks	
		Part A		
		ver <b>all</b> the questions. vuestion carries 1 mark		
1.	1. When a small change in price leads to infinite change in quantity demanded, it is called  Demand.			
2.	2. If the commodities are substitute in nature, cross elasticity will be			
3.	3. Where boom ends, ——start.			
4.	4. The differences between the new total revenue and existing total revenue is called			
5.	5. Fixing high price during the introduction is called			
6.	6. Iso-cost line indicate the price of :			
	(a) Output.	(b) Inputs. '		
	(c) Finished goods.	(d) Raw mate	rial.	
7.	Related to production function, MRT	to production function, MRTS stand for :		
	(a) Marginal revenue and total sales. (b) Minimum revenue from total sales.			
	(c) Marginal rate of total supply	(d) Marginal r	ate of technical substitution.	
8.	Which of the following is not a feature of monopolistic completion?			
	(a) Large number of producers.	(b) Free entry	and exit.	
	(c) More elastic demand.	(d) Price comp	petition.	

9. The process of finding current values of demand for various values of prices and other determining

10. An increase in income may lead to an increase in the quantity demanded, it is:

(b) Demand analysis.

(d) Demand forecasting.

(b) Zero income elasticity.

(d) Unitary income elasticity.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$ 

Turn over

variables is called \_

(a) Demand Estimation.

(a) Positive income elasticity.

(c) Negative income elasticity.

(c) Demand function.

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## Part B

Answer any **eight** questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. Mention any three responsibility of a managerial economist.
- 12. What do you mean by equi-marginal principle?
- 13. Discuss how the change in quantity of money in circulation affects the demand for the product.
- 14. What is law of supply?
- 15. What is Delphi technique of demand forecasting?
- 16. Mention any two peculiarities of labour as a factor of production.
- 17. What is Cobb-Douglas production function?
- 18. Distinguish between accounting cost and economic cost.
- 19. What do you mean by kinked demand curve?
- 20. What is penetrating pricing policy?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ marks})$ 

## Part C

Answer any **six** questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 21. Distinguish between economics and managerial economics.
- 22. Explain the different degrees of elasticity of demand.
- 23. What are the external diseconomies of scale?
- 24. What do you mean by perfect competition? What are its characteristics?
- 25. Explain any five objectives of pricing policy.
- 26. What is production function? Explain its assumptions.
- 27. Discuss the macroeconomic concepts which are useful in business decision.
- 28. What are the stages of a business cycle?

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

## Part D

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. What is demand forecasting? Explain the different methods of demand forecasting.
- 30. What are the determinants of demand? Explain.
- 31. What is monopoly? Explain how price and outputs are determined under monopoly.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$