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## FOURTH SEMESTER B.Com. DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2017

(CUCBCSS-UG)

Core Course

			BCI	4B 05—COS	ΓAC	COUNTING	
Time:	Thre	e Hours					Maximum: 80 Marks
٧.			,	Par Answer all Each question c	quest		
A.	Choo	se the c	orrect answer:				
	1.	In cont	ract costing uncert	rified work is va	alued	at what price?	
		(a)	Cost + profit.		(b)	Market.	
		(c)	Cost.		(d)	Contract.	
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	2.	Which	one of the followin	g is concerned	with	Pareto's law?	
		(a)	VED.		(b)	ABC.	
		(c)	JIT.		(d)	FSND.	
	3.		mpany alternative le does it violate?	ly uses the LIF	O ar	nd FIFO inventory	methods, which accounting
		(a)	Materiality.		(b)	Cost principle.	
		(c)	Consistency.		(d)	No principle of acc	countancy.
	4.	Drawin	ng office salary is a	in item of	-	overhead.	
		(a)	${\bf Administration.}$		(b)	Selling.	
		(c)	Factory.		(d)	Distribution.	
	5.	Which	one of the following	g is a service d	lepar	tment?	
		(a)	Refining.		(b)	Production.	
		(c)	Finishing.		(d)	Receiving.	
B.	Fill	in the b	lanks:				
	6.		budget is base	d on cost-benef	it an	alysis.	
	7.	Under	method	, a new issue is	dete	ermined after each p	ourchase.
	8.		means allotme	ent of whole ite	ms of	cost to cost centres	
	9.	Time t	aken for a job is _				
	10.	No pri	ce of contracts is f	xed in case of		contracts.	
							$(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$

Turn over

## Part B (Short Answer Questions)

Answer any **eight** questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. Distinguish between Costing and Cost Accounting.
- 12. What is danger level?
- 13. What is meant by functional budget?
- 14. What do you mean by direct expenses?
- 15. What is retention money?
- 16. State any three advantages of piece rate system?
- 17. Distinguish between joint product and by-product.
- 18. What is batch costing?
- 19. What is a stores ledger?
- 20. What is idle time?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ marks})$ 

## Part C (Short Essay Questions)

Answer any **six** questions.

Each question carries 4 marks.

- 21. How will you treat scrap in cost accounts?
- 22. What is time keeping? Discuss the various methods of time keeping.
- 23. What is master budget? What are its components?
- 24. What is meant by perpetual inventory system? State its advantages.
- 25. Calculate Re-order level, Maximum level and Minimum level from the following particulars:

Normal usage – 60 units per week.

Minimum usage - 40 units per week.

Maximum usage - 80 units per week.

Re-order period - 4 to 6 weeks.

Re-order quantity - 400 units.

26. From the following details calculate the earnings of a worker under Halsey premium bonus plan:

Hourly rate of wages – Re. 0.75.

Standard time for producing 1 dozen articles - 3 Hours.

Actual time taken for producing 20 dozen article - 48 Hours.

27. Ahalya Printers Ltd., ended with the following Profit and Loss during the year 2012:

(Figures in Lakhs)

Sales		35.58
Less Expenses		
Raw material	7.42	
Stores	4.48	
Expenses	20.40	
Interest	2.00	
Depreciation	2.00	36.30
Loss for the year	4.	0.72

The printers had been working at 60% capacity during the year 2012. Of the expenses Rs. 20.40 lakh, 25% is variable. In 2013, production and sales at 80% is expected to be achieved. Fixed cost, however, is expected to increase by Rs. 1.20 lakh.

Prepare the budget for the year 2013.

28. The cost account of Neelagiri Ltd. the following information for the month of 31st March 2012:

		Rs.
Stock of raw materials on 1-4	-2011	50,000.00
Stock of raw materials on 31-	3-2012	55,000.00
Stock of finished goods on 1-4	-2011	36,000.00
Stock of finished goods on 31-	3-2012	35,000.00
Purchase of raw materials		46,000.00
Work in progress on 1-4-2011		18,000.00
Work in progress on 31-3-201	2	20,600.00
Sale of furnished goods	•••	1,70,000.00
Productive wages	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	37,100.00
Work expenses	•••	17,800.00
Office and administrative exp	oenses	14,600.00
Selling and distribution exper	nses	9,700.00
Sale of scrap	•••	1,500.00

Prepare a Cost Sheet, showing all the details.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

## Part D (Essay Questions)

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. Define EOQ. Explain the purchase procedure in detail.
- 30. Product 'X' of Gemplast Ltd. passes through two processes A and B and then to finished stock. It is ascertained that in each process normally 5% of the total weight is lost and 10% is scrap which from process A and B, realises Rs. 80 per tonne and Rs. 200 per tonne respectively. The following are the figures relating to both the processes:

	$Process\ A$	$Process\ B$
Materials in tonne	1,000	70
Cost of material per tonne (Rs.)	125	200
Wages (Rs.)	28,000	10,000
Manufacturing expenses	8,000	5,250
Output in tonne	830	780

Prepare the process cost accounts showing the cost per tonne of each process. There was no stock or work-in-progress in any process.

31. Hi-tech builders engaged on two contracts. The following informations are obtained at the year end on 31st December 2010:

	Date of commencement	Contract A April 1 Rs.	Contract B September 1 Rs.	
	Contract price	6,00,000.00	5,00,000.00	
r	Materials issued	1,60,000.00	60,000.00	
	Materials returned	4,000.00	2,000.00	
	Materials at site (Dec. 31)	22,000.00	8,000.00	
	Direct labour	1,50,000.00	42,000.00	
	Direct expenses	66,000.00	35,000.00	
	Establishment Expenses	25,000.00	7,000.00	
	Plant installed at site	80,000.00	70,000.00	
	Value of plant (Dec. 31)	65,000.00	64,000.00	
	Cost of contract not yet certified	23,000.00	10,000.00	
	Value of contract certified	4,20,000.00	1,35,000.00	
	Cash received from contractees	3,78,000.00	1,25,000.00	
	Architect's fees	2,000.00	1,000.00	

Materials transformed from contract A to contract B were Rs. 9,000 during the period. You are required to prepare (a) Contract account; (b) Contractee's account.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$