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SIXTH SEMESTER B.S.W. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH/APRIL 2018

(CUCBCSS—UG)

BSW 6B 12—LEGAL INFORMATION FOR SOCIAL WORKERS

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 80 Marks

Part A

All questions are compulsory.

Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. Which one of the following describes India as a secular state?
 - (a) Fundamental Rights.
 - (b) Directive Principles of State Policy.
 - (c) Fifth Schedule.
 - (d) Preamble of the Constitution.
- 2. In a parliamentary form of government, real powers of the State are vested in the:
 - (a) President.
 - (b) Chief Justice of Supreme Court.
 - (c) Council of Ministers headed by the Prime Minister.
 - (d) Parliament.
- 3. One of the remedies for the false imprisonment is:
 - (a) Habeas Corpus.

(b) Mandamus.

(c) Certiorari.

- (d) Prohibition.
- 4. What is the meaning of Secularism?
 - (a) Freedom of worship to minorities.
 - (b) Suppression of Religions.
 - (c) A system of political and social philosophy that does not favour any particular religious faith.
 - (d) Separation of Religion from State.
- 5. Which Article is related with "Abolition of Untouchability"?
 - (a) Article 20.

(b) Article 19.

(c) Article 18.

(d) Article 17.

Turn over

6.	Which	of the following articles	contain the Dire	ctive Principles of State Policy	7?
	(a)	Article 30-39.	(b)	Article 36-51.	
	(c)	Article 38-48.	(d)	Article 31-53.	
7.	The na	tural guardian of a min	or Hindu boy is		
	(a)	Only mother.	(b)	Only father.	
	(c)	Grand father.	(d)	Father and mother both.	
8.	In resp	ect of family relations, t	the law applicab	le in India is ———.	
	(a)	Secular law in India.	(b)	Statutory law.	
	(c)	Religious law.	(d)	Personal law of the parties.	
					$(8 \times 1 = 8 \text{ marks})$
		Part	B (Short Ans	wer Questions)	
			Answer any fou ach question car	-	
9.	Law.		10.	Habeas Corpus.	
11.	Social	legislation.	12.	Legal Aid.	
13.	Lok Ac	lalat.	14.	UNDHR.	
					$(4 \times 3 = 12 \text{ marks})$
		Par	rt C (Short Ess	say Questions)	
		E	Answer any fiv Each question can	-	
15.	Explai	n the salient features of	the Constitution	n of India.	
16.	. Explain Right to Constitutional Remedies under Art. 32.				
17.	Critically analyse the provisions of Family Court Act 1984				

- 18. Write a note on the structure and functions of National Women's Commission.
- 19. Write a short note on matrimonial reliefs under Special Marriage Act.
- 20. What are the essential conditions for adoption according to Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act?
- 21. Explain the procedure for filing public interest litigation.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Part D (Essay Questions)

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 22. Explain the Preamble of Indian Constitution. And comment on the Fundamental Rights and the Directive Principles of State Policy.
- 23. Discuss in detail the laws related to the protection of women, children and disabled in India.
- 24. Define Personal Laws and explain the salient features of the Hindu Marriage Act and explain the provisions of Special Marriage Act.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$

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