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(**Pages : 4**)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

SIXTH SEMESTER B.Com. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH/APRIL 2016

(UG-CCSS)

Core Course

BC 6B 13-AUDITING

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

Part A

This part consists of three bunches of questions carrying equal weightage of one. Each bunch consists of **four** objective type questions. Answer **all** questions.

A. 1 Selecting and examining a representative sample from a large number of similar items is known as

| (a) Routine checking. | (b) Test checking. |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| | |

- (c) Internal check. (d) Internal audit.
- 2 Verification is related with assets and liabilities but valuation is related with :
 - (a) Current assets. (b) Current liabilities.
 - (c) Assets. (d) None of the above.

3 Audit conducted at the will of the proprietor of the concern is called :

- (a) Complete audit. (b) Private audit.
- (c) Voluntary audit. (d) Partial audit.

4 Audit note book is a book kept by the :

- (a) Client. (b) Auditor.
- (c) Government. (d) Audit clerk.
- **B.** 5 The aim of manipulations of accounts is to show :
 - (a) Concealment of profit. (b) Inflate or deflate profit.
 - (c) To evade tax. (d) Declare less dividend.
 - 6 Special audit is conducted by :
 - (a) As per the Company's Act.
 - (b) The Central government under section 233 A.
 - (c) The State government.
 - (d) The management of a firm.

7 System audit is an audit of _____

- (a) Processing of computer system.
- (b) Processing of the financial information's.
- (c) An audit with the help of a computer system.
- (d) Audit conducted along with original work of accounting.

8 A clean audit report is which _____

- (a) Not include any qualifications.
- (b) Include some modifications.
- (c) Include reservations.
- (d) None of these.
- C. 9 One of the important principles of internal check _____
 - (a) Rotation of employees.
 - (b) Division of work among staff.
 - (c) No employees in the business to be trusted upon to much.
 - (d) None of these

10 Capital expenditure means _____

- (a) Expenditure for purchase of goods.
- (b) Expenditure Incurred for purchases of fixed assets.
- (c) A current year expenditure.
- (d) A revenue expenditure.
- 11 Statutory duty of an auditor means :
 - (a) Duty to report. (b) Duty to hear.
 - (c) Duty to maintain accounts. (d) Duty. imposed by statute.

12 The share holders who have paid the calls in advance will be entitled to get —

- (a) Bonus. (b) Interest.
- (c) Dividend. (d) Profit.

(3 x1 = 3 weightage)

Part B

Answer all **nine** questions in one **or** two sentences.

Each question carries a weightage of 1.

- 13. What is a collateral voucher ?
- 14. What is meant by bonus shares?
- 15. What is misfeasance ?
- 16. What is meant by misappropriation of goods?
- 17. Define statutory audit.
- 18. What is meant by Tax audit?
- 19. Explain internal audit.
- 20. What is meant by deferred revenue expenditure ?
- 21. What do you mean audit certificate ?

 $(9 \times 1 = 9 \text{ weightage})$

Part C

Answer any **five** questions. Each question carries a weightage of 2.

- 22. Distinguish between internal check and internal audit.
- 23. What are the limitations of auditing?
- 24. Explain the procedure of vouching of wages.
- 25. Evaluate internal control in an EDP system.
- 26. Point out the duties of an auditor in respect of valuation of stock.
- 27. Classify audit on the basis of organizational structure.
- 28. What are the characteristics of an audit report?

 $(5 \ge 2 = 10 \text{ weightage})$

Turn over

Part D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries a weightage of 4.

- 29. Explain the term Audit Standards and state the basic principles of auditing.
- 30. What are the preliminary steps taken by an auditor before commencement of new audit?
- 31. Explain the procedure of vouching cash receipts.

$(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ weightage})$

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