D 70098		8		(Pages:	4)	Name
						Reg. No
F	FT	H SEM	ESTER B.Com	n. DEGREE	EXAMIN	NATION, NOVEMBER 2019
				(CUCBCSS	—UG)	
				B.Com	ı .	
			BCM 5B 09—1	NCOME TAX	LAW AN	ND ACCOUNTS
				(2017 Admi	ssions)	
Γime :	$\mathbf{Thr} \epsilon$	ee Hours				Maximum: 80 Marks
				Part A	A	
		(T)	_	two bunches of q consists of five o		carrying equal mark 1. pe questions.)
				Answer all qu	ıestions.	
(A)	Fill	in the bl	anks:			
	1	Any rer	nt or revenue deriv	ed from agriculti	ıral land	situated in India is ———.
	2	If the a	assessee does not	comply with his	statutor	y duties under the Income Tax Act is
	3	The rat	—. e of tax arrived at	by dividing the t	ax by the	total income is ———.
	4					of Income tax is called ———.
	5	The am	ount of rent which	could not be rec	overed by	the assessee is called ———.
(B)	Cho	ose the	correct answer from	n the bracket :		
	6	The ren	at fixed under Rent	Control Act is:		
		(a)]	Expected rent.	(b)	Standar	rd rent.

(d) None of these.

(b) Balancing charge.

Turn over

(d) None of these.

(b) 15%.

(d) 5%.

8 If any asset is sold more than its WDV, it will be deemed as income called ———.

(c) Municipal Rent.

(a) 10%.

(c) 20%.

7 The rate of depreciation of Furniture is:

(a) Terminal depreciation.

(c) Basis of charge.

- 9 The profit earned on transfer of a capital asset is called ————.

 (a) Capital gain.
 (b) STCG.
 (c) LTCG.
 (d) None of these.

 10 The total amount spent for acquiring an asset is called ————.
 - (a) Indexed cost of acquisition.
- (b) Cost of acquisition.
- (c) Cost of improvement.
- (d) None of these.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$

Part B

Answer any **eight** questions in one **or** two sentences each. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11 Define Previous Year.
- 12 Define Gratuity.
- 13 Define Transfer.
- 14 Define casual income.
- 15 Define Dividend.
- 16 Who is a not ordinarily resident?
- 17 What do you mean by capital asset?
- 18 Define Business.
- 19 Explain Sec. 54 of Income Tax Act.
- 20 What is unabsorbed depreciation?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ marks})$

Part C

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 21 Distinguish between RPF and SPF.
- Mr.P came to India for the first time on 1st November 2016. During his stay in India up to 30th October 2017 he stayed at Mumbai up to 10th May 2017 and thereafter remained in Bangalore till his departure from India. Determine his residential status for the A.Y. 2018-19.
- 23 Define following as per Income Tax Act:
 - 1. Salaries.
 - 2. Perquisites.
 - 3. Profit in lieu of salary.

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- 24 What are the expenses allowed only if it is actually paid?
- 25 X is appointed at Kolkata. He is stayed in a hotel for 25 days and thereafter shifted in a house provided by the employer. From the following information determine the taxable value of perquisite, stay in hotel:
 - 1. Room rent in hotel Rs. 1,000 per day.
 - 2. Salary for valuation of accommodation during the P.Y. Rs. 3,65,000.
 - 3. The employer recovered Rs. 100 per day from X regarding stay in hotel.
- 26 Point out any 8 incomes under the head Income from other sources.
- 27 Mention four gifts exempt from tax.
- 28 Compute agricultural income from cultivation of land:

Sales proceeds of agricultural produce	••	1,60,000
Depreciation of equipments		6,000
Labour charges	••	24,000
Cost of seeds	••	6,000
Cost of fertilisers	••	3,000
Electricity charges		12,000

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Part D

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29 How will the residential status of an individual be determined for tax purpose?
- 30 Following are the particulars of 2 let out houses of Mr. Asok. Compute his income from house property:

	House A	House B	
	Rs.	Rs.	
Municipal Valuation	 4,20,000	3,50,000	
Fair rental value	 3,60,000	3,80,000	
Standard rent	 4,40,000	3,20,000	
Actual rent	 4,80,000	4,20,000	•
Unrealised rent of current year	 40,000	35,000	Turn over

			House A	House B		
			Rs.	Rs.		
	Vacancy		2 months	1 month		
	Municipal tax actually paid	••	12,000	25,000		
	Due but not paid		30,000	10,000		
	Repairs		10,000	8,000		
	Insurance premium		12,000	6,000		
	Other expenses	••	8,000	10,000		
	Interest on money borrowed for					
31.	the purchase of house		60,000			
	From the following particulars of S	Sri. Biji	i. Biju, Compute his salary income :			
	Salary Rs. 15,000 p.m.		1, 8	0,000		
	Bonus		••	6,000		
	D.A.		••	1,800		
	Entertainment allowance		••	6,000		
	Employers contribution to RPF		2	1,000		
	Employees contribution to RPF		2	1,000		
	Interest on PF @ 12%		:	2,400		
	Personal expenses of Mr. Biju's	s o n				
	met by the employer		••	1,000		
	Rent-free unfurnished house pr	ovided				
	by the employer, whose annu	ıal ren	tal			
	Value is (at Delhi)		36	5,000		
				(9.		

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$