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SIXTH SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH 2020

(CUCBCSS—UG)

English

E	NG 6	B 01/DM	ENG 6	B 01—	-LITERA	ARY	CRITICIS	M AND	THEORY
Time: Three H	Hours				-				Maximum: 80 Marks
I. Answe	er the f	following bu	inches o	f questi	ons : Eac	ch que	estion carri	es 1 mar	k :
1 Ar	rt, acco	ording to —	i	s twice 1	removed	from	reality.		
	(a) F	Plato.			(b)	Aris	totle.	,	
	(c) L	onginus.			(d)	Fran	ncis Bacon.		
2 Th	ne tern	n used by A	ristotle	to mear	ı tragic fl	aw is	·		
	(a) H	Iamartia.			(b)	Ana	gnorisis.		
	(c) C	Catharsis.			(d)	Peri	petia.		
3 Ac	cordir	ng to Bhara	ta ——	— are	the object	ctive	conditions p	oroducing	g an Emotion.
	(a) V	⁷ ibhava.			(b)	Anu	bhava.		
	(c) V	yabhicarib	hava.		(d)	Non	e of the abo	ove.	
4 The Sanskrit term for the 'the herioc'.									
	(a) S	Srinkara.			(b)	Has	a.		
	(c) S	Soka.			(d)	Vira			
5 The author of "A Room of One's Own".									
	(a) V	irginia Wo	lf.		(b)	Mar	y Elman.		
	(c) F	Kate Millet.			(d)	Eali	ne Showalt	er.	
6 Wordsworth's special object of "Lyrical Ballads" was to:									
	(a) Choose incidents and situations from common life.								
	(b) T	o) To relate and describe them in a selection of language really used by men.						used by men.	
	(c) T	Treat the subject imaginatively so that ordinary things would appear unusual.							
	(d) A	all the above	e						

Turn over

7	Α	—— is a complex of the signifier	r and	the signified			
	(a)	Sign.	(b)	Symbol.			
	(c)	Referent.	(d)	None of the above.			
8	Tradit	tion in Eliot's view means :					
	(a)	Imitating the poets of the past.	(b)	Heredity.			
	(c)	Handling down of the past.	(d)	Historic sense.			
9		Female phase, women rejected two forms as ———.	l both	n imitation and protest because they considered			
	(a)	Dependency.	(b)	Slavery.			
	(c)	Fashion.	(d)	Subjugation.			
10	The te	rm magic realism was originally	appli	ied to ———.			
	(a)	Structuralist German painters.					
	(b)	Surrealist German painters.					
	(c)	Expressionist American painter	s.				
	(d)	None of the above.					
				$(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$			
	swer an arks :	y ten of the following question	is in	two or three sentences. Each question carries			
11	Accord	ling to Plato, what are the functi	ons o	f poetry?			
12	How is tragedy superior to epic, according to Aristotle?						
13	What do you mean by Camatkara?						
14	What are Vibhavas? Name two kinds of Vibhavas.						
15	What is <i>Vyanjana</i> ?						
16	When is Alankara said to be abused?						
17	What is the principle object of Lyrical Ballads?						
18	Accord	ing to Eliot how can you judge tl	he wo	ork of a poet?			
19	Which are the three phases in feminist criticism?						
20	What i	s Irony?					

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- 21 What is an Ode?
- 22 What do the term, 'archetype' mean?

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- III. Answer any four of the following questions in a paragraph of 100 words. Each question carries 5 marks:
 - 23 Plato's views on art.
 - 24 Distinguish tragedy from narrative.
 - How does Wordsworth react to Aristotle's concept that poetry is the most philosophic of all writing?
 - 26 Langue and Parole.
 - 27 Two varieties of feminist criticism.
 - 28 Post Colonialism.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- IV. Answer any two of the following questions in 300 words. Each question carries 15 marks:
 - 29 Write an essay on Aristotle's observations on Poetry.
 - 30 Elucidate how Vyanjana works as the leading principle of art criticism, the source of literary charm and the magic wand.
 - 31 "Poetry is not turning loose of emotion, but an escape from emotion; it is not the expression of personality, but an escape from personality" How does Eliot substantiate this impersonal theory of poetry.
 - 32 What are the ways in which structuralism is used as a method of study? And how did it revolutionize our habits of reading and understanding things?

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$