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Reg. No.....

FIRST SEMESTER M.Sc. COMPUTER SCIENCE DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2019

(CBCSS)

Computer Science

CSS 1C 01—DISCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 30 Weightage

Section A

Answer any four questions.

Each question carries 2 weightage.

- 1. State the rules for producing well formed formula. Give one example of WFF.
- 2. Translate the following statements into English:

(x): x is a cat

A(x): x is an animal

- (i) $\forall x ((x) \rightarrow A(x)).$
- (ii) $\forall x ((x) \land A(x)).$

(iii) $\exists x ((x) \rightarrow A(x)).$

- iv) $(\forall x)((x) \land \neg A(x)).$
- 3. What is a Hasse diagram? Give example.
- 4. Explain principle of duality with suitable example.
- 5. Define function and composition of functions. List types of functions.
- 6. Define subgroups and Cosets. Give examples.
- 7. Define Bipartite Graph. Give example.

 $(4 \times 2 = 8 \text{ weightage})$

Turn over

Section B

Answer any four questions.

Each question carries 3 weightage.

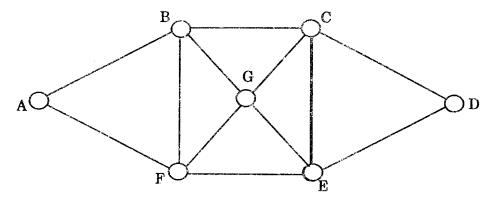
- 8. State the rules of inference. State modus ponens and prove that it is a tautology.
- 9. Let A, B, C be arbitrary sets. Show that:

(i)
$$(A-B)-C=A-(B\cup C)$$
.

(ii)
$$(A-B)-C=(A-C)-B$$

(iii)
$$(A-B)-C=(A-C)-(B-C)$$
.

- 10. Explain Pigeonhole principle. Prove, using Pigeonhole principle, that, if any 14 numbers from numbers 1 to 25 are chosen, then one of them will be a multiple of another.
- 11. With suitable example, explain Prim's algorithm.
- 12. Define Hamiltonian cycle and Hamiltonian circuit. Find Hamiltonian cycle and Hamiltonian path from the following:



- 13. Define Homomorphism and isomorphism in Groups. Explain their properties.
- 14. Define Distributive and Complemented lattices. Give examples. Prove that in a distributive lattice, if an element has a complement then this complement is unique.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12 \text{ weightage})$

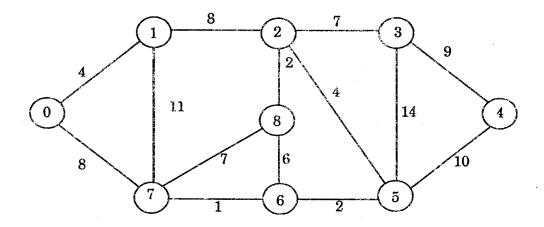
Section C

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 5 weightage.

- 15. (i) Show that the relation "congruence modulo in" (\equiv) over the set of positive integers is an equivalence relation. Also show that if $x_1 = y_1$ and $x_2 = y_2$, then $(x_1 + x_2) = (y_1 + y_2)$.
 - (ii) Discuss properties of relations.

$$(3 + 2 = 5 \text{ weightage})$$

16. Apply Dijkstra's algorithm to find the shortest path between node 0 and all other nodes.



17. Prove the following:

- (i) For any a, b, c and d in a lattice (A, \le) , if $a \le b$ and $c \le d$ then $a \lor c \le b \lor d$, $a \land c \le b \land d$.
- (ii) For any a and b in Boolean algebra prove that:

$$\overline{a \vee b} = \overline{a} \wedge \overline{b}, \quad \overline{a \wedge b} = \overline{a} \vee \overline{b},$$

18. Define Ring and integral domain. Give examples. Prove that every field is an integral domain.

$$(2 \times 5 = 10 \text{ weightage})$$