Mention the programme which was introduced for the development of youth.

(a) President.

(c) IRDP.

(a) Wheat.

(c) Rice.

(a) 1949.

(c) 1948.

(a) China.

(c) Britain.

3.

(c) Home Minister.

(a) TRYSEM. (d) DWRCA. In India largest area is under cultivation of (b) Cotton. (d) Rubber. Planning commission was established by Govt. of India in the year (b) 1951. (d) 1950. The concept of five year plan was adopted from: (b) Russia. (d) Canada. Free movement of capital, good, technology and ideas all over the world is called as (b) Capitalism. (a) Privatisation. (d) Socialism. (c) Glo alisation.

Turn over

(b) Prime Minister.

(b) NREP.

(d) Finance Minister.

- 8. The book "Wealth of Nations" was authored by
  - (a) Marshall.

(b) Ricardo.

(c) Robbins.

(d) Adam Smith.

 $(8 \times 1 = 8 \text{ marks})$ 

## Part B

Answer any four questions. Each question carries 3 marks.

- 9. Define Economics.
- 10. What is Poverty?
- 11. What is Mixed Economy?
- 12. What is an Organisation ?
- 13. What is Economic Growth?
- 14. What is Underemployment?

 $(4 \times 3 = 12 \text{ marks})$ 

## Part C

Answer any five questions. Each question carries 6 marks.

- 15. What are the features of Socialism 2
- 16. What are the characteristics of Underdevelopment 2
- 17. What are the causes of Unemployment 2
- 18. Explain the factors of Production.
- 19. Explain the obstacles to Economic Development.
- 20. Explain the causes of Population Explosion.
- 21. Explain the implication of Globalisation Privatisation and Liberalisation.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

## Part D

Answer any two of the following. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 22. Elaborate on the factors of production.
- 23. Elaborate on the major Economic problems and plans to solve them.
- 24. What is capitalism? Explain its features, merits and demerits.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$