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# SIXTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION **MARCH 2021**

Chemistry

CHE 6B 10—ORGANIC CHEMISTRY—III

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 80 Marks

# Section A (One Word)

Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

1.	How many absorption peaks are present in the HNMR spectrum of pentan-3-one?
2.	——— is an example of aldopentose.
3.	The monosaccharides which differs only in the configuration of C-2 are known as ———.
4.	The base pair of Adenine in DNA is ———.
5.	is a non-reducing sugar.
6.	———— structure of protein is unaffected during denaturation.
7.	———— is an example of [3, 3] sigmatropic rearrangement.
8.	Monomer of natural rubber is —————.
9.	Deficiency disease of Vitamin C is ———.
10.	The process by which DNA duplicate creating two exactly identical molecules is known
	as ———.
	$(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$

### Section B (Short Answer)

Answer at least five questions. Each question carries 4 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 20.

- 11. Write any four IR frequencies of benzoic acid.
- 12. How will you distinguish the presence of ethyl group  $(CH_3 CH_2)$  in a NMR spectrum?

Turn over

- 13. Write an evidence to show that glucose contains a straight chain of six carbon atoms.
- 14. Draw the cyclic structure of glucose.
- 15. What is inversion of cane sugar?
- 16. What is the general structure of amino acids?
- 17. Define iodine number.
- 18. Draw the structure of a female sex hormone.
- 19. Write the differences between DNA and RNA.
- 20. State isoprene rule.
- 21. What are alkaloids? Give the structure of any two.
- 22. With FMO explanation show that Diels-Alder reaction is thermally allowed and photochemically forbidden.

 $(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

## Section C (Paragraph)

Answer at least four questions. Each question carries 7 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 28.

- 23. How will you convert glucose to fructose?
- 24. How will you distinguish the following molecule by IR spectroscopy: (i) Ethanol and acetone; and (ii) Benzaldehyde and phenol?
- 25. Describe solid phase peptide synthesis of a dipeptide.
- 26. Draw the cyclic structure of maltose and sucrose.
- 27. What are biological functions of lipids?
- 28. Explain Transcription and translation.
- 29. Write examples of [1, 3], [1, 5] and [3, 3] sigmatropic rearrangements.
- 30. What is vulcanization and how does it change the properties of rubber?

 $(4 \times 7 = 28 \text{ marks})$ 

### Section D

# Answer any two questions. Each question carries 11 marks.

31. Identify the compound:

Molecular formula :  $C_8H_8O_2$ , UV  $\lambda_{max}$  : 276 nm.

IR spectra: 3100, 3018, 2968, 1699, 1602, 1496 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra :  $\delta$  (ppm) 3.7 (2 H) singlet, 6.8 – 7.2 (5 H) multiplet – 11.2 (1 H) singlet.

- 32. Describe the structure of nucleotides and DNA.
- 33. Draw the molecular orbitals of 4n and 4n + 2 system and explain the «iectro cyclic reactions of butadiene and hexatriene systems.
- 34. How hormones are classified? Explain the secreting organ, biological function and structure of one example of each group.

 $(2 \times 11 = 22 \text{ marks})$