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# SIXTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION MARCH 2021

Mathematics

MAT 6B 09-REAL ANALYSIS

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 120 Marks

#### Section A

Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. Define absolute maximum of a function.
- 2. State Bolzano's Intermediate Value Theorem.
- 3. Give an example for a uniformly continuous function which is not a Lipschitz function.
- 4. Write an example for a Riemann integrable function.
- 5. State Boundeness theorem.
- 6. Find || P || if  $P = \{0, 1, 2, 4\}$  in a partition of [0, 4].
- 7. Define pointwise convergence of a sequence of functions.
- 8. Define uniform norm of a bounded function  $\phi$  on  $A \subset \mathbb{R}$ .
- 9.  $\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{x}{n} =$
- $10. \quad \int_1^\infty \frac{1}{x^2} \, dx =$
- 11. Write an example for a conditionally convergent improper integral.
- 12. Define Gamma function.

 $(12 \times 1 = 12 \text{ marks})$ 

**Turn** over

#### Section B

Answer at least eight questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 48.

- 13. State and prove Bolzano's Intermediate Value theorem.
- 14. Let I be an interval and let  $f: I \to \mathbb{R}$  be continuous on I. Then prove that f(I) is an interval.
- 15. Define Lipchitz function. If  $f : A \to \mathbb{R}$  is a Lipschitz function, prove that f is uniformly continuous on A.
- 16. Show that every constant function on [a, b] is in  $\Re[a, b]$ .
- 17. Suppose that  $f, g \in \Re[a, b]$ . Prove that  $f + g \in \Re[a, b]$ .

18. Evaluate  $\int_{1}^{4} \frac{\sin \sqrt{t}}{\sqrt{t}} dt$ .

- 19. Let  $(f_n)$  be a sequence of bounded functions on  $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ . Suppose that  $(f_n)$  converges uniformly on A to f. Then prove that  $||f_n f||_A \to 0$ .
- 20. Show that  $\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{x}{x+n} = 0$  for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}, x \ge 0$ .
- 21. State and prove Weierstrass M-Test for a series of functions.
- 22. Test the convergence of  $\int_1^\infty \frac{1}{x} dx$ .
- 23. Prove that  $\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \sqrt{\pi}$ .
- 24. Prove that  $\Gamma(n+1) = n \Gamma(n)$  for n > 0.

25. Show that  $\beta(m, n) = 2 \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^{2m-1} \theta \cos^{2n-1} \theta d\theta$ .

26. Evaluate  $\int_0^\infty e^{-x^2} dx$ .

 $(8 \times 6 = 48 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section C

Answer at least **five** questions. Each question carries 9 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 45.

- 27. Let I be a closed bounded interval and let  $f : I \to \mathbb{R}$  be continuous on I. Then prove that f is uniformly continuous on I.
- 28. Let I = [a, b] be a closed bounded interval and let  $f : I \to \mathbb{R}$  be a continuous function on I. Then prove that f has an absolute maximum and absolute minimum on I.
- 29. State and prove Continuous extension theorem.
- 30. If  $f \in \Re[a, b]$ , then prove that f is bounded on [a, b].
- 31. State and prove Squeeze Theorem.
- 32. State and prove Cauchy Criterion for uniform convergence of sequence of functions.
- 33. Show that  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1+x}{1+x^2} dx$  diverges.
- 34. Prove that  $\beta(m, n) = \frac{\Gamma(m) \Gamma(n)}{\Gamma(m+n)}, \forall m, n > 0.$
- 35. Express  $\int_0^1 x^m (1-x^n)^p dx$  in terms of Gamma functions and evaluate the integral

$$\int_0^1 x^5 (1-x^3)^{10} dx.$$

 $(5 \times 9 = 45 \text{ marks})$ 

**Turn** over

### Section D

## Answer any **one** question. The question carries 15 marks.

- 36. (a) State and prove Location of roots theorem.
  - (b) Test the uniform continuity of  $f(x) = x^2$  on [0, 2].
- 37. (a) State and prove Cauchy Criterion for Riemann Integrability.
  - (b) Show that Dirichlet function is not Riemann Integrable.
- 38. (a) State and prove First form of Fundamental Theorem of Calculus.
  - (b) Show that  $\lim \frac{nx}{1+n^2x^2} = 0$  for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ .

 $(1 \times 15 = 15 \text{ marks})$