

QP Code : U24A034

Reg. No : .....

Name : .....

**ST MARY'S COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), THRISSUR-20**

**I SEMESTER B.Sc (FYUGP) DEGREE EXAMINATION, November 2024**

**B.Sc Mathematics**

**MAT1CJ101 : DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS**

**2024 Admission Onwards**

**(Credits: 4)**

**Time : 2 Hours**

**Maximum Marks : 70**

**Section A**

*[Answer all. Each question carries 3 Marks] (Ceiling: 24 Marks)*

1. Find the domain and range of each of the following functions [BTL1]  
i)  $f(x) = 1 + x^2$   
ii)  $g(x) = 1 - \sqrt{x}$
2. Find  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{-1}{3x - 1}$  [BTL3]
3. If  $\sqrt{5 - 2x^2} \leq f(x) \leq \sqrt{5 - x^2}$  for  $-1 \leq x \leq 1$ , find  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x)$  [BTL4]
4. Define  $h(2)$  in a way that extends  $h(t) = \frac{t^2 + 3t - 10}{t - 2}$  to be continuous at  $t = 2$  [BTL4]
5. Find the first and second derivatives of  $w = 3z^7 - 7z^3 + 21z^2$  [BTL1]
6. Find the derivative of  $g(t) = \tan(5 - \sin 2t)$  [BTL3]
7. State the first derivative theorem for local extreme values. [BTL2]
8. If  $f$  is continuous on  $[a, b]$ , differentiable on  $(a, b)$  and  $f' > 0$  at each point of  $(a, b)$ , then prove that  $f$  increases on  $[a, b]$  [BTL4]
9. Describe the concavity of  $y = x^2$  [BTL1]
10. Find  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{2x^2 - 3}{7x + 4}$  [BTL3]

**Section B**

*[Answer all. Each question carries 6 marks] (Ceiling: 36 Marks)*

11. Graph the function  $y = x^2$  over the interval  $[-2, 2]$  [BTL2]

**Turn Over**

12. Suppose that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} p(x) = 4$ ,  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} r(x) = 0$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} s(x) = -3$  [BTL4]

Find :-

i)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} (p(x) + r(x) + s(x))$

ii)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} p(x)r(x)s(x)$

iii)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{-4p(x) + 5r(x)}{s(x)}$

13. Differentiate the function  $k(x) = \frac{1}{2+x}$  and find the slope of the tangent [BTL3]

line at  $x = 2$

14. Find the tangent and normal to the curve  $x^2 - xy + y^2 = 7$  at the point  $(-1, 2)$  [BTL5]

15. Find the absolute extrema of  $h(x) = x^{2/3}$  on  $[-2, 3]$ . [BTL4]

16. Define an increasing function and a decreasing function. Find an interval in which  $f(x) = x^2$  decreases. [BTL1]

17. State the second derivative test for local extreme values. Also give an example. [BTL1]

18. Find the asymptotes of the graph of  $f(x) = \frac{-8}{x^2 - 4}$  [BTL4]

### Section C

[Answer any one. Each question carries 10 Marks] (1x10=10 Marks)

19. Evaluate the following limits [BTL3]

i)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -5} \frac{x^2 + 3x - 10}{x + 5}$

ii)  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\sqrt{h^2 + 4h + 5} - \sqrt{5}}{h}$

20. i) State and prove Mean value theorem. [BTL2]

ii) Verify the hypothesis of the Mean value theorem for the function  $f(x) = x^2$  on the interval  $[0, 2]$

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