

D 110477

(Pages : 2)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

**FIFTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2024**

Sociology

SGY 5B 10—ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIETY

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)*All questions can be answered.**Each question carries 2 marks.**(Ceiling 25 marks)*

1. What is Brundtland report ?
2. Define Climate Change.
3. Describe about ecocentrism.
4. What do you mean by environmental policy.
5. Identify-the objectives of Narmada Bachavo Andolan Movement.
6. Describe two causes of Global Warming.
7. Describe development induced displacement.
8. Analyse the importance of Rio conference, 1992.
9. List out the features of Non-renewable resources. Provide three examples.
10. Distinguish between in-situ and ex-situ conservation.
11. Discuss the term Sustainable Development.
12. Define carbon footprint.
13. Discuss some negative impacts of technological advancement to environment.
14. What is Eco centric approach ?
15. Differentiate between Nurture and Nature.

Turn over

Section B (Paragraph/ Problem Type)

All questions can be answered.

Each question carries 5 marks.

(Ceiling 35 marks)

16. How consumerism impacts on environmental degradation ?
17. Briefly explain the consequences of loss of Biodiversity.
18. We are living in a risk society. Critically examine the statement.
19. Examine the Eco-Marxist perspective on capitalism's exploitation of nature.
20. Give a detailed account of the Sustainable Development Goals.
21. Discuss the major environmental issues around the world.
22. The earth has enough resources for our need, but not for our greed. Elucidate.
23. Analyse how deforestation affects the lives of indigenous people.

Section C (Essay Type)

*Answer any **two** of the following questions.*

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Explain in detail the history and significance of the Chipko Movement.
25. Discuss the nature, scope of Environmental Sociology.
26. Critically examine the Debate between development and environment with special reference to India.
27. Analyse the salient features of Eco Feminism and highlight its relevance to contemporary society.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

D 110477-A

(Pages : 4)

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(2019 Admission onwards)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes**Total No. of Questions : 20****Maximum : 20 Marks****INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

SGY 5B 10—ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIETY
(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. _____ is a term concerned with community ecology.
(A) Synecology. (B) Biodiversity.
(C) Anthropomorphism. (D) Agronomy.
2. Who founded the Green belt movement in 1977 ?
(A) Vanessa Nakate. (B) Hunter Lovins.
(C) Wangari Maathai. (D) Phil Radford.
3. Who defined “Ecology was the comprehensive science of the relationship of the organism to the environment” ?
(A) Arne Naess. (B) Ernst Haeckel.
(C) Samuel Klausner. (D) Robert Bullard.
4. Kathikudam is a village in the _____ district on the banks of the _____ River.
(A) Ernakulam and Periyar. (B) Kottayam and Meenachil.
(C) Kollam and Kallada river. (D) Thrissur and Chalakudy.
5. Kaziranga national park is famous for conservation of _____ ?
(A) One horned rhinoceros. (B) The Great Indian Bustard.
(C) Lion. (D) Bear.
6. Three Gorges Dam situated in _____ ?
(A) Nepal. (B) Belgium.
(C) China. (D) Russia.
7. _____ is a social and political movement for the preservation, sustainable management, and restoration of the natural environment to meet human needs.
(A) Ecology. (B) Environmentalism.
(C) Ecosystem. (D) Biocentrism.

8. The 'Chipko movement' was started by ?
- (A) Vandana Shiva (B) Sunderlal Bahuguna.
(C) Rajendra Singh. (D) Robin Banerjee.
9. Which of the following sociologists distinguished between "environmental sociology" and "real environmental sociology".
- (A) E F Schumacher. (B) James G Watt.
(C) Samuel Klausner. (D) Dunlap and Catton.
10. Which of the following theoretical perspective hold that human beings are the central or most significant entities in the word ?
- (A) Biocentrism. (B) Anthropocentrism.
(C) Creationism. (D) Totalitarianism.
11. Who among the following is associated with ecofeminism ?
- (A) Arundhati Roy. (B) Margaret Atwood.
(C) Karen Warren. (D) Toni Morrison.
12. B. Williams and A. Matheny distinguish three main types of state environmental policy, that are _____ ?
- (A) Managerial, pluralist, and communitarian.
(B) Lawsuits, command and control, and economic policy tools.
(C) Restrictive, regulatory and facilitating policies.
(D) Strategic, Regional and Sectoral policies.
13. Certain gases in the atmosphere help to maintain the earth's temperature and climate. It is called _____ ?
- (A) Noble gas. (B) Gasoline.
(C) Greenhouse gases. (D) Biogas.
14. Which of the following product mainly caused to release of chlorofluorocarbon ?
- (A) Automobiles. (B) Industries.
(C) Refrigerators. (D) Slash and Burn Agriculture.

Turn over

15. The formation of environmental policies helps us to _____ ?
- (A) Develop environmental management programme.
 - (B) Energy and water conservation through innovative practices.
 - (C) Measure progress toward our environmental goals.
 - (D) All of the above.
16. Silent valley movement was related with _____ river in Kerala.
- (A) Periyar.
 - (B) Kunthipuzha.
 - (C) Thuthapuzha.
 - (D) Bharathappuzha.
17. Which of the following Convention mainly has set up a framework to control the “transboundary” movement of hazardous waste across international frontiers ?
- (A) Ramsar Convention.
 - (B) Rio Summit.
 - (C) Bonn Convention.
 - (D) Basel convention.
18. Biodiversity can be considered at three levels, that is _____ ?
- (A) Natural, physical and organic diversity.
 - (B) Species, Climate and Ecosystem biodiversity.
 - (C) Genetic, Species and Ecosystem diversity.
 - (D) Physical, Biological and Ecosystem diversity.
19. Which of the book is not written by Rachel Carson ?
- (A) Silent spring.
 - (B) Under the sea wind.
 - (C) The sea around us.
 - (D) A sand county Almanac.
20. Who is known as the father of modern ecology ?
- (A) John Muir.
 - (B) Eugene Odum.
 - (C) Gaylord Nelson.
 - (D) David Brower.