

D 112056

(Pages : 4)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

**THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION  
NOVEMBER 2024**

English

ENG3B04—ENGLISH GRAMMAR AND USAGE

(2019—2023 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

I. Read the following questions and do as directed. All questions can be answered. Each question carries two marks. (Ceiling : 25 marks) :

- 1 My uncle bought a newly built apartment last summer. (Classify the words in the sentence into form class and function class).
- 2 I am hungry as I had my breakfast very early today. (Identify the parts of speech the underlined words belong to).
- 3 Write a sentence which begins with a present participle.
- 4 The tourists arrive at 6 : 00 a.m. tomorrow morning. (Identify the mood of the statement and justify your answer).
- 5 Most of the members refused to agree with the chairman, (form inflectional and derivational variants of the underlined word).
- 6 The firemen struggled for hours to put out the fire.(identify the phrasal verb in this sentence and give its meaning).
- 7 Make a sentence using the idiom *Sit on the fence*.
- 8 Develop the given pattern into a sentence :  
  
S + V + Complement
- 9 The girl sang a nice song. She got the first prize. (Combine into a single sentence using a subordinating conjunction).

Turn over

- 10 One of my relatives are working in All India Radio. (Correct the mistake in the sentence and justify your correction).
- 11 Write a sentence which has one main clause and one dependent clause.
- 12 The old man had given all his belongings to his neighbor. (Identify the tense of this sentence).
- 13 This train is faster than the one we travelled by last week. (Rewrite using the positive degree of the underlined word).
- 14 The lady sat on a chair with a broken leg. (Correct the mistakes, if any, and justify your changes).
- 15 Let's go for a picnic tomorrow, (frame a question tag).

II. Read the following questions and do as directed. All questions can be answered. Each question carries 5 marks (Ceiling : 35 marks) :

- 16 Analyse the pattern of the following sentences and say what type they belong to :
  - (a) We are hiring cashiers for our new branch.
  - (b) You may please introduce yourself before presenting the paper.
  - (c) Why did the police summon you ?
  - (d) How high the prices have soared up !
  - (e) The minister confirmed that the project is going to be dropped.
- 17 Understand the tenses of the following sentences and convert them into corresponding past tenses :
  - (a) We change our curtains every week.
  - (b) Denny is hosting a Christmas party.
  - (c) You have given me the right advice.
- 18 Rewrite the following according to correct usage. Justify the changes you have made.
  - (a) I am hearing a lot about your involvement in the money lending scam.
  - (b) Ninu told Minu that her bag needs to be mended.
  - (c) A group of expert doctors are attending the minister.

19 Identify the clause pattern in the sentences and convert them into other patterns :

- (a) Hearing a loud noise we all rushed out.
- (b) As he was very poor, he did not cherish lofty dreams.

20 Give two examples each for the use of the auxiliary 'must' to express obligation, to give orders and to express possibility.

You must go to sleep now. You must finish the record before Friday.

There must be some mistake. The thief must be hiding in the bush.

21 Each of the following sentences has a mistake. Identify the mistake and rewrite them correctly.

- (a) I haven't seen Sanu since the last six years.
- (b) Neither of the singers were present.
- (c) He is senior than me.

22 Change the voice of the following :

- (a) Paint the house green.
- (b) Smoking is prohibited.
- (c) Two brothers have started this firm.

23. Rewrite the following text by correcting the collocation errors in it. Underline the changes you made :

It was my friend's twenty first birth day and I decided to make him a treat. He had helped me much in the past, and it was a golden chance for me to please him. So I asked him to come to the lately opened restaurant. I also had a plan to give him a wonder gift.

III. Answer any *two* of the following ( $2 \times 10 = 20$  marks) :

24 Read the following passage and note the mistakes in it. Specify if the mistake is related to tense, concord, preposition etc. Rewrite the sentences correctly and justify each of the changes you made :

Turn over

Digital India is a campaign opened by the Government of India in order to ensure that the services provided by the government is made available to citizens electronically by improve online infrastructure and by increasing Internet connectivity or making the country digitally empowered for the field of technology. The initiative include plans to connect rural areas with high-speed internet networks. It consists in three core components : the development of secure and stable digital infrastructure, delivering government services digitally, and universal digital literacy.

- 25 Elucidate any *five* rules of passivising sentences in English, giving two examples for each.
- 26 Rearrange the jumbled words given below to form meaningful sentences. The identify the tense of each sentence :
- (a) as you listen / to note down / points / it is important.
  - (b) most important / of his career / match / it was the.
  - (c) clapped happily / came in / when santa claus / the children.
  - (d) the cake / home from school / when he returned / his mother baked.
  - (e) in many parts / are found / of the world / pearl oysters.
- 27 Study the following table and frame ten correct sentences from it, using appropriate verb forms. Use different structures/tenses so that your answer includes statements, questions, negatives, and sentences in present, past and future tenses :

He			a new cell phone
She			reached the office
It	Am/is/are/was/were		learning how to swim
They	Do/does/did	not	the job better
We	Have/has/had		inform me fast
I	Will/will have		watched many plays
Rinu and Vinu			works two miles away
Meena			a son next week
			a long neck
			trying to insult me always

**D 112056–A****(Pages : 5)****Name.....****Reg. No.....****THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION  
NOVEMBER 2024****English****ENG3B04—ENGLISH GRAMMAR AND USAGE****(2019—2023 Admissions)****(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)****Time : 15 Minutes****Total No. of Questions : 20****Maximum : 20 Marks****INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

ENG3B04—ENGLISH GRAMMAR AND USAGE  
(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. The book was lying on the table :  
(A) Book is a common noun. (B) Book is a proper noun.  
(C) Book is a collective noun. (D) Book is an abstract noun.
2. There was a time when I ————— stay up very late. (Past ability) :  
(A) Can. (B) Could.  
(C) Which. (D) Should.
3. I rode my bike, ————— has a headlight, home in the dark.  
(A) That. (B) Whom.  
(C) Which. (D) Whose.
4. A ————— is a minimal grammatical unit in a grammatical system of language.  
(A) Morpheme. (B) Phoneme.  
(C) Word. (D) Letter.
5. Terry ————— sleeps in the afternoon. He considers it a waste of time  
(A) Usually. (B) Often.  
(C) Sometimes. (D) Never.
6. Select the Correct Statements :  
(A) The inspector was never more sure of the fact that Rajiv was lying.  
(B) The inspector was never more surer of the fact that Rajiv was lying.  
(C) The inspector was never most surer of the fact that Rajiv was lying.  
(D) The inspector was never most sure of the fact that Rajiv was lying.

7. Select the antonym of the word **captivity**.
- (A) Independence. (B) Freedom.  
(C) Confined. (D) Oppress.
8. To play second fiddle (choose the correct meaning of this idiom.) :
- (A) Happy, cheerful and healthy.  
(B) To reduce importance of one's senior.  
(C) To support the role and view of another person.  
(D) To do back seat driving.
9. Unjumble the following words/phrases to form a coherent sentence.
- (A) by keeping /(B) oblige me /(C) your /(D) to yourself /(E) suspicion.
- (A) CBAED. (B) BACED.  
(C) CEDBA. (D) CBEAD.
10. Choose the correct sentence :
- (A) People America much football very South love in.  
(B) People America much football very South love in.  
(C) People America much football very South love in.  
(D) People in South America love football very much.
11. Change into indirect speech :
- Raisa : "Could you bring my book tonight ?"
- (A) She asked me could bring her book that night.  
(B) She asked me to bring her book that night.  
(C) She had asked me to bring her book that night.  
(D) She asked me to bring her book tonight.

Turn over

12. \_\_\_\_\_ as the students had completed their exams, their parents rewarded their efforts by giving them a trip to Paris.
- (A) In as much. (B) Due to.  
(C) Because. (D) Yet.
13. \_\_\_\_\_ she saves a lot, she won't be able to afford that house.
- (A) Even if. (B) Although.  
(C) Because. (D) Though.
14. The process of transforming or changing of sentences into different forms without changing the meaning of the sentence is known as \_\_\_\_\_ of sentences.
- (A) Conversion. (B) Transferring.  
(C) Transformation. (D) Changing.
15. Any sentence which states a fact or a statement is known as a \_\_\_\_\_ sentence.
- (A) Declarative. (B) Exclamatory.  
(C) Imperative. (D) Interrogative.
16. \_\_\_\_\_ is a statement that is followed by a mini-question.
- (A) Interrogative. (B) Imperative.  
(C) Tag questions. (D) Lag questions.
17. The \_\_\_\_\_ one uses while pronouncing a tag question could change the meaning of tag questions in spoken language.
- (A) Intonation. (B) Rhythm.  
(C) Stress. (D) Pitch.
18. Indirect speech is also known as \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) Reported speech. (B) Direct Speech.  
(C) Active voice. (D) Changing Speech.



19. What is also called as a sign of interrogation ?

- (A) Question mark.
- (B) Full stop.
- (C) Exclamation mark.
- (D) Imperative.

20. ————— is a group of two or more words which we usually use together as a set phrase.

- (A) Movement.
- (B) Recursion.
- (C) Collocation.
- (D) Lexical.