**QP Code: P25B036** Reg. No Name ST MARY'S COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), THRISSUR-20 II SEMESTER (CBCSS-PG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH 2025 M Sc Mathematics MTH2C10: OPERATIONS RESEARCH 2024 Admission Onwards **Time: 3 Hours** Maximum Weightage: 30 Part A Answer all questions. Weightage 1 for each question. (8x1 = 8 Weightage)1. Let  $f(X) = x_1^2 + 2x_2^2 - 7x_3^2 - 4x_1x_2 + 6x_1x_3 - 5x_2x_3$  . Write f(X) in [BTL2] quadratic form. 2. Write the following linear programming problem in standard form [BTL3]  $\text{Minimize} \quad f = x_1 + x_2 - x_3$ Subject to  $x_1 + x_2 \geq 2$  $x_1-x_3 \leq 4$  $2x_1 - x_2 + x_3 \ge 1$  $x_1, x_2, x_3 > 0$ 3. Prove that the set  $S_F$  of feasible solutions if not empty, is a closed convex set [BTL5] bounded from below and has atleast one vertex. [BTL1] 4. Describe a transportation problem.

5. Describe a connected graph and a strongly connected graph. [BTL1]

6. What do we do in sensitivity analysis in linear programming problem? [BTL4]

7. Explain an integer vector, then describe an integer linear programming problem. [BTL1]

8. Examine the given pay off matrix for saddle point

 $\left[ egin{array}{cccccc} 4 & -2 & -4 & -1 \ 3 & 1 & -1 & 2 \ 2 & 3 & -2 & -2 \ -1 & -3 & -3 & 1 \ 3 & 2 & 2 & 3 \end{array} 
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#### Part B

Answer any two questions from each module. Weightage 2 for each question.

(6x2 = 12 Weightage)

## Unit-I

9. Write an algorithm that constitutes one iteration leading from one basic feasible solution to another in simplex method. [BTL3]

[BTL5]

[BTL5] 10. Using graphical method, solve the following linear programming problem Maximize  $f(X) = 3x_1 + 5x_2$  $x_1 + 2x_2 \le 20$ Subject to  $x_1 + x_2 \le 15$  $x_2 < 6$ 

11. Prove that a vertex of  $S_F$  is a basic feasible solution.

 $x_1,x_2\geq 0$ 

[BTL1]

### **Unit-II**

12. i) Define the dual of a linear programming problem.

[BTL3]

ii) Write the dual of the linear programming problem.

$$f(X) = 2x_1 + x_2 - x_3$$
 Subject to  $2x_1 - 5x_2 + 3x_3 \leq 4$   $3x_1 + 6x_2 - x_3 \geq 2$   $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 4$   $x_1, x_3 \geq 0, x_2$  unrestricted

13. Prove the following statement:

[BTL4]

If the primal problem is feasible, then it has an unbounded optimum, if and only if the dual has no feasible solution and vice versa.

14. Describe a Caterer problem with an example.

[BTL1]

# **Unit-III**

15. Characterize the optimal solution of the integer linear programming problem

[BTL5]

f(X) = CXMinimize Subject to  $X \in T_F$ 

16. i) Define a zero sum game

[BTL3]

ii) Let f(X,Y) be such that both  $\max_X \min_Y f(X,Y)$  and

$$\min_{Y} \max_{X} f(X,Y)$$
 exist. Then prove that  $\max_{X} \min_{Y} f(X,Y) \leq \min_{Y} \max_{X} f(X,Y)$ 

17. Write an algorithm to find a minimum spanning tree.

[BTL2]

#### Part C

Answer any two questions. Weightage 5 for each question. (2x5 = 10 Weightage)

18. Solve the following linear programming problem

[BTL4]

$$f(X) = 4x_1 + 5x_2$$
 Subject to  $2x_1 + x_2 \le 6$   $x_1 + 2x_2 \le 5$   $x_1 + x_2 \ge 1$   $x_1 + 4x_2 \ge 2$   $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$ 

- 19. Prove that the necessary and sufficient condition for a set of column vectors  $P_{i,j}$  in the matric  $\bar{T}$  to be linearly independent is that the corresponding variables  $x_{ij}$  in the transportation array occupy cells a subset of which constitutes a loop.
- 20. Solve the transportation problem for minimum cost with the cost coefficients, demands and supplies as given in the following table

	D <sub>1</sub>	D <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>3</sub>	D <sub>4</sub>	a <sub>i</sub>
O <sub>1</sub>	3	2	5	4	25
O <sub>2</sub>	4	1	7	6	35
O <sub>3</sub>	7	8	3	5	30
bj	10	18	20	42	

21. Let f(X,Y) be such that both  $\max_X \min_Y f(X,Y)$  and  $\min_Y \max_X f(X,Y)$  exist. [BTL3] Then show that the necessary and sufficient condition for the existence of a saddle point  $(X_0,Y_0)$  of f(X,Y) is that

$$f(X_0,Y_0) = \max_X \min_Y f(X,Y) = \min_Y \max_X f(X,Y)$$

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