## Name

$\qquad$
Reg. No $\qquad$

## FIRST SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2009

## Computer Science-Complementary Course

CMC A 01-COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS AND APPLICATION PACKAGES
(C.S.S. Programme)

T he: Three Hours
I. Answer all questions :
$1(1234)_{8}=(\ldots \ldots \ldots)_{10}$.
$2101101+101001=\ldots$ (Binary numbers)
3 $\qquad$ is an example of error detecting and correcting code.
$4 X+X Y=$ $\qquad$ (X and Y are boolean variables)

5 $\qquad$ is an example of a universal gate.

6 Nibble is a collection of $\qquad$ bits.

7 2's complement of 10110001 is $\qquad$
8 Register which holds the current instruction that is being executed is $\qquad$
Give the full form of MICR.
10 Draw flow chart symbol for "Decision".
11 Dot matrix is $\qquad$
(a) An impact printer.
(b) A non-impact printer.
(c) A page printer.

12 $\qquad$ is an example of pointing device.
II. Answer all questions : -

13 Give the significance of computer codes.
14 What is a parity bit?
15 Give the truth table of XOR operation.
16 Draw block diagram of a half adder.
17 Define access time of a hard disk.
18 What is a register?
19 Give the basic principle of dot matrix printers.

20 What is a scanner?
21 Define algorithm.

$$
(9 \times 1=9)
$$

III. Answer any five questions :

22 With suitable examples, explain Binary to Hexadecimal, Hexadecimal to binary, Binary to Octal and Octal to Binary conversions.

23 Simplify the following boolean expression and draw logic diagram : -
$x y z+x \bar{y} z+x y z+\overline{x y} z$

24 Prove that : $x+y=$
25 Explain "Microprogrammed" control unit.
26 Briefly explain working of CD drive.
27 Compare laser printer with inkjet printer.
28 Draw flow chart to find largest of three given numbers.

$$
(5 \times 2=
$$

IV. Answer any two questions :

29 Give and explain truth table, block diagram and NAND-NAND implementation of a fu. adder.

30 Give a detailed account of Hard disk.
31 Discuss the working of the following: key board, mouse, digital camera and joystick.

$$
(2 \times 4=8)
$$

