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Name

Reg. No.....

FOURTH SEMESTER B.Sc. (MICROBIOLOGY) DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2011

(CCSS)

Biostatistics (Complementary)

MB 4C 15—BIOSTATISTICS TT

(As per 2009 Admission Syllabus)

Maximum: 30 Weightage

Time: Three Hours

Part A

Answer **all** questions. Each carries a weight of 'A.

- 1. The power of the test is:
 - (a) P [Reject $H_U | H_U$ is true].
- (b) P [Reject $H_U \mid H_A$ is true].
- (c) P [Accept H_U | H_U is true].
- (d) P [Accept Ho | H_A is true].
- 2. The performance of a statistical test depends on :
 - (a) Only significance level.
- (b) Only the power of the test.
- Both significance level and power. (d) None of these.
- 3. For the validity of Chi-square test which of the following must be true:
 - sample size must be small and expected frequency of every all > 5.
 - (a) sample size must be large and expected frequency of every cell > 5.
 - (b) sample size must be large and expected frequency of every cell < 5.
 - (c) sample size must be small and expected frequency of every cell < 5.
- 4. The value of correlation coefficient r satisfies :
 - (a) $r^2 < 1$.

(b) -1 < r < 1.

(c) O < r < 1.

- (d) |r| < 1.
- 5. Rank correlation coefficient equals $\mathbf{1}$ implies:
 - (a) Rankings are not similar.
 - (b) Ranking is not proper.
 - (c) Same ranks are assigned to both scores.
 - (d) None of these.

Turn over

- (a) Minimizes the sum of squares of the observations.
- Maximizes the error sum of squares.
- (c) Minimizes the sum of squares of the deviations between estimates. observed values and there
- 7. If the regression of x on y is 3x + 2y 7 = 0 then the regression coefficient of x on y is
 - (a)

- 8. The variable affected. by the treatment is called_
- 9. If there are 4 treatments in an RBD then degrees of freedom corresponding to treatments in the
- 10. In a CRD experiment the error sum of squares can be obtained by subtracting squares from the total sum of squares.

sum of

11. To test the significance of a correlation coefficient we use

test. 12.

In the Chi-square test for testing association of 2 attributes the null hypothesis is that the two

 $(12 \text{ x}^{-1})_4 = 3 \text{ weightage})$

Part B

Answer **all** questions. Each carries a weight of 1.

- Define significance level of a test.
- Distinguish between Type I and Type II errors.
- 15. What is a contingency table?
- 16. Define Analysis of variance.
- 17. What is an experimental unit?
- 18. The Rank correlation coefficient of 6 pairs of observations differences of ranks. is 0.2. Find the sum of squares of
- 19. Explain why there are 2 regression lines.
- Give the concept of partial correlation.
- 21. What is meant by interaction ?

 $(9 \times 1 = 9 \text{ weightage})$

Part C

Answer any **five** questions. Each carries a weight of 2.

22. Find the rank correlation coefficient:

- 23. What is Randomization and Replication?
- 24. Give the layout of an RBD design. Describe the ANOVA table.
- 25. For variables x_2 , x_3 based on 20 sets of values $n_2 = 0.73$, $n_3 = 0.68$ and $n_{23} = 0.59$. Find $n_{12.3} = 0.68$ and $n_{23} = 0.59$. Find $n_{12.3} = 0.68$ and $n_{23} = 0.59$. Find $n_{12.3} = 0.68$ and $n_{23} = 0.68$ and $n_{23} = 0.59$. Find $n_{23} = 0.68$ and $n_{23} = 0.68$ and n
- the statistical test for testing the significance of a regression coefficient.
- correlation coefficient and the regression of y on x given the following information:—27. Find **out the**

x=102, $\sum y = 96$, $\sum x^2 = 1368$, $\sum y^2 = 1,500$, $\sum xy = 1366$, n = 8.

28. Consider the following ANOVA table :—

Source SS d. f. MS F
Treatments 231.5. 2 115.7 2.8
Blocks 98.5 7 14.07
Error 573.8 14 40.98

- (a) What design was employed?
- (b) How many treatments were compared?
- (c) How many observations were analysed ?

 At 0.05 level of significance can one conclude that the treatments have different effects
- (d) Why? (5 x 2 = 10 weightage)

Part D

Answer any two questions. Each carries a weight of 4.

29. The following data shows the yield of 3 varieties of wheat in an RBD experiment-Analyse the data

	Block 1	Block 2	Block 3	Block 4
Variety A	8	10	6	8
Variety B	3	4 .	5	6
Variety C	7	8	6	7

30.

From the following data find the correlation coefficient and the two regression lines

31. The following table gives the observed frequencies of plants in an whether the frequencies are in the. ratio 1:3:8:4.

Class

Purple deep Purple Medium Purple Light Purple green

Frequency ... 65 203 563 269 $(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ weightage})$