

## FIFTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2013

(UG-CCSS)

Chemistry—Core Course

CH5 B11—PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY—II

(Common for Industrial Chemistry)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

I. Answer all the *twelve* questions. Each question carries a weightage of  $\frac{1}{4}$ . This section contains Multiple Choice, Fill in the blank and One word answer questions :

1 If the constituents of a crystal are regarded as perfect sphere of radius  $r$  and edge length of the unit cell  $a$ , then for a body centred cube :

(a)  $r = \frac{a}{2}$ .

(b)  $r = \frac{a}{4}$ .

(c)  $r = \frac{a}{4}$ .

(d)  $r = \frac{a}{4}$ .

2 The number of formula units per unit cell is one, is :

(a) CsCl.

(b) NaCl.

(c) ZnS.

(d) CaF<sub>2</sub>.

3 The point group to which BF<sub>3</sub> belongs is :

(a) D<sub>2h</sub>.

(b) D<sub>3h</sub>.

(c) C<sub>2v</sub>.

(d) C<sub>3v</sub>.

4 IR spectrum is also called :

(a) U.V spectrum.

(b) Vibrational spectrum.

(c) Rotational spectrum.

(d) Vibrational rotational spectrum.

5 The number of line into which the ESR peak of CH<sub>3</sub> group splits is :

(a) 3.

(b) 1.

(c) 4.

(d) 5.

6 Temperature independent concentration term among the following is :

(a) Normality.

(b) Molality.

(c) Molarity.

(d) Volume percentage.

Turn over

- 7 Acetic acid undergoes **dimerisation** in benzene. The approximate molecular mass of acetic acid in benzene, when determined by measuring colligative property is :
- (a) 60. (b) 30.  
(c) 120. (d) 15.
- 8 In a colloidal system the size of the dispersed particles will be :
- (a) Less than 1 nm. (b) Higher than 100 nm.  
(c) Above 50000 nm. (d) Between 1 nm and 100 nm.
- 9 Adsorption of a gas on the surface of a solid adsorbent at a particular temperature is associated with
- (a) Decrease in enthalpy. (b) Decrease in entropy.  
(c) Decrease in free energy. (d) All these.
- 10 The total number of elements of a group is called \_\_\_\_\_ of the group.
- 11 An element in a group which commutes with all the other elements in the group and leaves them unchanged is known as \_\_\_\_\_
- 12 Name one optical property of colloid.

(12 x = 3 weightage)

II. Answer **all the nine** questions. Each question carries a **weightage** 1 :

- 13 Define co-ordination number of a particle in a crystal. What is the CN of Ca in  $\text{CaF}_2$  ?
- 14 Define improper axis of rotation of a molecule.
- 15 Write the point group to which  $\text{NH}_3$  molecule belongs and mention the symmetry elements.
- 16 State the Frank Condon principle.
- 17 What are colligative properties ? Give examples.
- 18 What is the **significance** of **van't Hoff** factor ?
- 19 Write the mathematical formulation of phase rule and explain the terms.
- 20 Distinguish between Physical adsorption and Chemical adsorption.
- 21 Explain **Bredigs** method for the preparation of gold **sol**.

(9 x 1 = 9 weightage)

III. Answer any **five** questions. Each question carries a **weightage** 2 :

- 22 Derive the Bragg's equation.
- 23 When a metal crystallises in **fcc**, the edge length of the unit cell is found to be  $4A$  and when crystallised in **bcc**, the edge length is  $3A$ . Calculate the ratio of the densities of the metal in **fcc** and **bcc** forms.
- 24 Give the group multiplication table of symmetry operations in  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  molecule.
- 25 Write any *four* advantages of Raman **spectra** over **IR** spectra.

- 26 Calculate the ESR frequency of an unpaired electron in a magnetic field of 0.333 T. ( $g_e = 2$  and  $\mu_B = 9.27 \times 10^{-24} \text{ J T}^{-1}$ ).
- 27 At a particular temperature, the vapour pressure of pure water is 25 mm of Hg and that of a dilute solution of urea in water is 24.5 mm of Hg. Calculate the molality of the solution.
- 28 State and explain Nernst distribution law. Write any two applications of the law.

(5 x 2 = 10 weightage)

IV. Answer any *two* questions. Each question carries a weightage 4 :

- 29 (a) What are liquid crystals ? How are they classified ? Mention any *two* applications of liquid-crystals.
- (b) Write briefly on stoichiometric point defects.
- 30 Discuss the principle of NMR spectroscopy. Mention the important informations that can be obtained from NMR spectrum.
- 31 (a) Explain the phase diagram of water system.
- (b) What are protective colloids ? How will you measure the protective power of a protective colloids ?

(2 x 4 = 8 weightage)