

FIFTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2014

(UG-CCSS)

Core Course

Chemistry

CH5 B09—INORGANIC CHEMISTRY—I

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

I. Answer *all* the twelve questions. Each question carries a weightage of 'A'. This section contains multiple choice and fill in the blank type questions :

1 Dipole moment is zero for :

- (a) CCl_4 . (b) NH_3 .
(c) H_2O . (d) CH_3Cl .

2 An electron deficient compound among the following is :—

- (a) CH_4 . (b) B_2H_6 .
(c) NH_3 . (d) H_2O .

3 Which of the following metal is extracted by electrolytic reduction ?

- (a) Mg. (b) Ag.
(c) Cu. (d) Ni.

4 A coloured ion among the following is :—

- (a) SC^{3+} . (b) Ag^+ .
(c) Cu^{+} . (d) Cu^{2+} .

5 A primary standard among the following is :

- (a) $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$. (b) KMnO_4 .
(c) NaOH . (d) KOH .

6 The degree of polarity of a covalent bond is expressed in terms of _____

7 A barium salt imparts _____ colour to the flame.

8 The reduction of the ore to the molten metal at high temperature is called _____

9 Transition metals form a large number of alloys due to their comparable _____

10 Eriochrome Black T is an indicator used in _____ titrations.

11 Zirconyl nitrate reagent is used in the elimination of _____ ion.

12 Presence of HCl in a saturated solution of H_2S , suppresses the dissociation of H_2S , due to _____

(12 x $\frac{1}{4}$ = 3 weightage)

Turn over

II. Answer all the *nine* questions. Each question carries a **weightage 1** :

- 13 Write the **Burn-Lande** equation and explain the terms.
- 14 Why is ClF_3 molecule T-shaped ?
- 15 Why borazine is called inorganic benzene ?
- 16 Which has a higher ionisation energy B or Al ? Why ?
- 17 What is **thermite** ?
- 18 Give the composition of German silver.
- 19 The ionisation energy values of transition elements are in the order $5d > 3d > 4d$. Why ?
- 20 Account for the catalytic properties of 'd' block elements.
- 21 How is oxalate ion eliminated ?

(9 x 1 = 9 weightage)

III. Answer any *five* questions. Each question carries a **weightage 2** :

- 22 Explain sp, sp^2 and sp^3 hybridisations using suitable examples.
- 23 Illustrate the application of Born-Haber cycle in the calculation of lattice energy of an ionic compound.
- 24 How is boron nitride obtained ? What is its structure ?
- 25 Distinguish between calcination and roasting.
- 26 Explain the separation of lanthanides by ion-exchange method.
- 27 Write briefly on the variability of oxidation states exhibited by **actinides**.
- 28 What is **coprecipitation** ? How does it affect **gravimetric** analysis ?

(5 x 2 = 10 weightage)

IV. Answer any *two* questions. Each question carries a **weightage 4** :

- 29 (i) Explain the Charcoal adsorption method of separation of noble gases.
(ii) How will you prepare **IF₅** ? What is its structure ?
- 30 Write short notes on :
 - (i) Zone refining ;
 - (ii) Mond's process ;
 - (iii) **Ellingham** diagram.
- 31 Discuss the application of solubility product and common ion effect in the precipitation of cations from solution.

(2 x 4 = 8 weightage)