Reg.	No.																				
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THIRD SEMESTER B.A. DEGREE (SUPPLEMENTARY/IMPROVEMENT) EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2015

(UG—CCSS)

Core Course—Economics

EC 3B 03—QUANTITATIVE METHODS FOR ECONOMIC ANALYSIS—I

	DC 3D 03 QUMITIMITYD M	ETHODS FOR ECONOMIC AWALTOIS
	(201	.3 Admissions)
Time:	Three Hours	Maximum 30 Weightage
	Part I (Obje	ctive Type Questions)
	(Include Multiple Choice, Fill i	n the blanks and Answer in Single Word)
	Answer o	all twelve questions.
1.	The most frequently occuring value of	a variable is called:
	(a) Mean.	(b) Median.
	(c) Mode.	(d) S.D.
2.	The Standard deviation of the values :	5, 5, 5 is:
	(a) 0.	(b) 5.
	(c) 20.	(d) 5 ⁴ .
3.	Which of the following index number s	atisfies the time reversal test and factor reversal test?
	(a) Fisher's I.N.	(b) Kelly's I.N.
	(c) Marshall-Edgeworth I.N.	(d) Laspeyre's I.N.
4.	Econometrics is a combination of Econ	omic theory, Mathematical Economics and ———
	(a) Demography.	(b) History.
	(c) Physics.	(d) Statistics.
5.	Arithmetic mean of lower and upper lin	mits of a class is called
6.	A representative sub-group of a popula	ation is called a of that population .
7.	If $r_{x, y} = 0.4$ then $r_{2x, 2y} = {}$ who	ere r stands for Karl Pearson's corelation coefficient.
8.	The maximum possible value of correl	ation coefficient is————
9.	If Laspeyre's and Paasche's indices are	e 122 and 124, then Fisher's I.N . is

- 10. The 3-point moving average of the values **10**, 11, 12 is —
- 11. The coefficient of elasticity always varies between 0 and ———
- 12. The first stage in any Econometric research is

 $(12 \times \frac{1}{4} = 3 \text{ weightage})$

Part II (Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer all **nine** questions.

- 13. What is a nominal variable? Give an example.
- 14. What is meant by seasonal variation?
- 15. Distinguish between positive and negative correlation.
- 16. Explain the method of calculating Spearman's rank correlation coefficient.
- 17. Discuss the terms 'splicing' and 'deflating'.
- 18. Mention any two uses of consumer price index number.
- 19. What is meant by ME-NIFTY?
- 20. Write down the normal equations involved in fitting a straight line Y = a + bx by the method of least squares.
- 21. Mention any two limitations of Econometrics.

 $(9 \times 1 = 9 \text{ weightage})$

Part III (Short Essay or Paragraph Questions)

Answer any **five** questions from seven.

- 22. Explain the procedure of constructing a histogram.
- 23. Explain the desirable characteristics of a good average.
- 24. Explain Scatter diagram method.
- 25. What are regression lines? Why there are two regression lines?
- 26. Explain the time reversal test and factor reversal test.
- 27. Write a short note on consumer price index.
- 28. What are the various steps involved in an Econometric Research?

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ weightage})$

Part IV (Essay Questions)

Answer any two questions from three.

29. Calculate: (i) mean; (ii) median; (iii) standard deviation and; (iv) range from the following data: 11, 13, 14, 15, 30, 12, 14, 16, 19, 22.

30. A study on the effect of bus ticket prices upon the number of passengers produced the following data:

Ticket price (Rs.)	15	20	25	30	40	50
Passengers per 10 k .	440	430	450	370	340	370

- (i) Plot these data.
- (ii) Develop the estimating equations that best describes the data.
- (iii) Predict the number of passengers per 10 kms if the ticket price were Rs. 35.
- 31. (i) Explain the different components of a time series.
 - (ii) A survey by the national dairy products association produced the following data. Construct Laspeyre's index, taking 2001 as the base year:

Product	Average pri	ce per unit	Total quantity 2001
	2001	2005	
Cheese	145	149	26
Milk	160	165	276
Butter	70	80	31

 $(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ weightage})$