D 51543	(Pages 2)	Name
		Reg. No

THIRD SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2013

(UG-CCSS)

Biotechnology - Complementary Course

BT 3C 02—ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 30 Weightage

- I. Objective type question. Answer all questions:
- A Name the following:-
 - 1 An aquatic plant used in waste water treatment.
 - 2 An indicator of water pollution by sewage.
 - 3 Lead toxicity disease.
 - 4 An organophosphorus pesticide.

B State whether true or false:

- 5 Malathion is an Xenobiotic compound.
- 6 Minamata disease was caused due to Cadmium contamination.
- 7 The Torry canyon disaster was not a cause of oil pollution.
- 8 Bioventing is an *in situ* remediation technology that uses micro-organisms to biodegrade organic constituents on soils.
- 9 Oxygen is a green house gas.
- 10 Ozone layer is present in stratosphere.
- 11 Spirullina is an SCP.
- 12 Biocoenoses developing within the trickling bed reactor is an advantage.

(12 x = 3 weightage)

- II. Short answer questions. Answer all questions:
 - 13 Biosorption.
 - 14 Acration ponds.
 - 15 Pesticide disposal using fungi.
 - 16 Bioreactors for biosorption.

Turn over

- 17 Bioaugumentation.
- 18 Green house effect.
- 19 BTeX.
- 20 Acid rain.
- 21 Eutrophication.

 $(9 \times 1 = 9 \text{ weightage})$

- III. Short essay or paragraph questions. Answer any five questions:
 - 22 Air pollution and its controll.
 - 23 Biodegradation of petrochemical efluents.
 - 24 Bioscrubbers.
 - 25 Biological indicators of pollution.
 - 26 Anaerobic reactors used in effluent treatment.
 - 27 Removal of nitrogen from waste water.
 - 28 Motor vehicle pollution control strategies.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ weightage})$

- IV. Essay questions. Answer any two:
 - 29 Illustrate current status and novel trends in environmental biotechnology.
 - 30 Detail bioremediation types and advantages.
 - 31 Causes, effects and control of water pollution with special emphasis to nitrogen and phosphoro pollution.

 $(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ Weighta})$