D 74	4366 (Pages : 2) Name
	Reg. No
,	FIRST SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2014
	(CUCBCSS-UG)
	Core Course
	Microbiology
	MB-1B 01—GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY
Time :	: Three Hours Maximum : 80 Marks
	Part A
	Answer all questions.
1.	Who is known as father of Microbiology?
2.	Whose findings led to the development of penicillin?
3.	Who is credited with the first drawing of micro organisms after observing them microscopically?
4.	What is the common name for photosynthetic bacteria?
5.	Auramine is a dye.
6.	bacterial cell wall contain teichoic acid.
7.	Capsule can be demonstrated by staining using nigrosin.
8.	Flagella if arranged all over the body of bacterium, it is called
9.	Bacteria living in extreme environment are grouped in————————————————————————————————————
10.	Robert Koch developed his postulates while studying bacilli
11.	In HEPA, filter is used to make exiting air bacteria free.
12.	Who discovered tubercle bacilli?
	$(12 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6 \text{ marks})$
	Part B
	Answer all questions.
Comm	nent on:
13.	Dark field microscopy.
14.	Crystal violet.
15.	Flaming.
L	Volutin granules.
17.	Yeast.
18.	Autoclave.
	Turn over

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- 19. Theory of biogenesis.
- 20. Joseph Lister.
- 21. Simple staining.
- 22. Pili.

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Part C

Answer any **six** questions.

Write briefly on:

- 23. Contributions of Robert Koch.
- 24. Archaebactera.
- 25. Structure of enveloped virus.
- 26. Penicillin discovery.
- 27. Endospore staining.
- 28. Phenol coefficient.
- 29: Differences between prokaryotes and eukaryotes.
- 30. Sterilization by radiation.

 $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Part D

Answer any **two** questions.

- 31. Describe heat sterilization methods in detail.
- 32. Discuss the historical developments in Microbiology.
- 33. Describe the different bacterial forms and their arrangements with diagrams.

 $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$