Name.....

Reg. No.....

FOURTH SEMESTER. B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH 2013

(CCSS)

Microbiology—Core Course

MB 4 B 06-MICROBIAL GENETICS AND GENETIC ENGINEERING

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

Section I

Answer all questions.

- 1. Transforming principle as explained by Griffith was later identified as
- 2. Shine-Dalgaeno sequence is the one involved in
- 3. When the altered codon formed as result of mutation is a termination codon the mutation is called
- 4. PBR 322 vector has gene for resistance to
- 5. Part of DNA which is transferred from Ti-plasmid to host plant is called as ------
- 6. Ames test is used to study
- 7. An example for restriction-enzyme which produce sticky end is
- 8. In Western blotting, presence of specific protein can be detected by use of _____
- 9. When the F factor in F+ cells become integrated it is called as
- 10. Bacteria carrying prophage are called as
- 11. Taq DNA polymerase was originally isolated from
- 12. IPTG is used as an inducer of

(12 x ¼ = 3 weightage)

Section II

Answer **all** questions. Answer each in one or two sentences.

- 13. Electroporation.
- 14. RT-PCR.
- 15. Bacterial conjugation.
- 16. RNA polymerase.
- 17. Genetic code.
- 18. PUC vector.
- 19. Okazaki fragment.

Turn over

(Pages : 2)

21. Plasmid.

Section III

Write any five of the following questions.

Write short notes on :

- 22. GM food.
- 23. Site directed mutagenesis.
- 24. Ligases.
- 25. Southern Blotting.
- 26. Expression vectors.
- 27. Induced mutation.
- 28. Generalised transduction.

 $5 \ge 2 = 10$ weightage)

Section IV

Answer any two questions.

- 29. Explain methods for introducing foreign DNA into the cell.
- 30. Discuss DNA sequencing methods.
- 31. Describe terminator gene technology.

 $(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ weightage})$