C 4009

(Pages:2)

Name

Reg. No.

FOURTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2016

(CUCBCSS-UG)

Complementary Course

BCH 4C 04 – BIOCHEMISTRY IV

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A

Answer **all** questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

- _____ is the rate limiting enzyme of cholesterol biosynthesis.
- 2. _____is a thyroid hormone.
- 3. Rickets is caused by the deficiency of _____
- 4. Vitamin ______ is involved in blood clotting.
- 5. Fatty acid oxidation takes place in ——
- 6. _____is a ketogenic amino acid.
- 7. What is the co factor in carboxylation reactions?
- 8. _____is a fat soluble vitamin.
- 9. _____is a peptide hormone.
- 10. _____is a phospholipid.
- 11. Give an example of a ketone body.
- 12. What is the precursor of steroid hormones?
- 13. Bile is produced in _____

(liver, pancreas, small intestine, mouth)

14. ______stimulate the release of hormone sensitive lipase.

(epinephrine, glucagon, growth hormone, insulin)

15. Where does Urea cycle takes place?

(liver, pancreas, small intestine, kidney)

16. _____is the co factor involved in fatty acid synthesis.

(NAD, NADP, FMN, TPP)

(16 x 1 = 16 marks)

Turn over

Section **B**

Answer any **eight** of the following.

Each question carries 3 marks.

- 17. What are proteolytic enzymes? Give two examples.
- 18. What is decarboxylation reaction? Give an example
- 19. What are the physiological functions of pyridoxine?
- 20. What is scurvy? What are is symptoms and contributing factors?
- 21. What are the sources of Vitamin E?
- 22. What are the functions of glucagon?
- 23. What are second messengers? Give an example.
- 24. What is β -oxidation?
- 25. Write down the reaction catalysed by arginase.
- 26. How ornithine is formed in urea cycle?

(8 x 3 = 24 marks)

Section C

Answer any **four** of the following. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 27. What is carnitine? Explain its role in β -oxidation.
- 28. Explain the regulation of cholesterol biosynthesis.
- 29. Explain the biological roles of potassium.
- 30. Explain the classification of hormones with suitable examples.
- 31. Explain the physiological functions of Vitamin A.
- 32. Explain the physiological functions of phospholipids.

(4 x 5 = 20 marks)

Section D

Answer any **two** of the following Each question carries 10 marks.

- 33. Explain the digestion and absorption of lipids.
- 34. Explain fatty acid synthesis and its regulation.
- 35. Explain urea cycle.

 $(2 \ge 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$