Name
Reg. No

FIRST SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH 2004

General Biotechnology

GBT 101. CELL BIOLOGY

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A

Answer any two questions.

- 1. Describe the molecular structure of cytoskeleton. Highlight its function during cell motility.
- 2. Describe the events in cell cycle at molecular level before and after the synthetic stage.
- 3. Describe the flagellar movement of prokaryotes by describing its structure in detail.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Section B

Answer any ten questions.

- 4. Distinguish Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cells.
- 5. What a signal peptide of a secreted protein is for ? Explain.
- 6. How spindle fibres are shortened during cell division?
- 7. What is a transducer with regard to biochemical signals? Explain with one example.
- 8. Describe with an example the process of assisted transport across cell membrane.
- 9. What do you understand by "cell in a cell"? Describe in the case of a eukaryotic cell.
- 10. Describe the function of any external agent which can arrest the processes of synthetic stage of cell cycle.
- 11. Describe the function at molecular level of an external agent which increase the chromosome number in meiotic division.
- 12. What a "flip-flop" movement in endoplasmic reticulum is for ? Explain.
- 13. What is the role of cytoplasmic proteins in transport of small ions?
- 14. How will you prepare intact mitochondria?
- 15. How do you react to "one gene-one protein hypothesis" at the level of present day knowledge ?

 $(10 \times 5 = 50 \text{ marks})$

Section C

Answer all questions.

- 16. How do you get 60s + 40s = 80s ribosomes?
- 17. Describe the principle dark filed imaging in microscopy.
- 18. Describe one non-peptidic post translational modification of proteins.
- 19. What is the normal fate of wrongly folded proteins?
- 20. How a wrongly folded protein is identified?

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ marks})$