D 2691

(2 Pages)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

FIRST SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JANUARY 2005

Computer Science

CS 102—DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 60 Marks

Answer any five questions from Part A and any three questions from Part B.

Part A

- 1. Write the truth table for the following
 - (a) (P A Q) V (P A
 - (b) $\mathbf{Q} \vee (\mathbf{P} \mathbf{Y} \vee \mathbf{Q})$.
 - (c) $P \land Q \lor (P \lor Q)$.
- 2. Prove that the following are tautologies :----
 - (a) P (**Q** P).
 - (b) $[(A n B) \vee (B n C) \vee (C n A)] \Leftrightarrow [(A \vee B) A (B \vee v (C \vee A)].$

3. Obtain equivalent conjunctive and disjunctive normal form for RP v R \rightarrow V R \rightarrow

- 4. Define Variables and Quantifiers.
- 5. Distinguish between Incidence matrix and Adjacency matrix.
- 6. Define the following terms :—
 - (a) Paths and walks.
 - (b) Weighted graph.

7. Solve $u - 4 u_{r-1} + 4 u_{x-2} = 3_{x+2} x$.

 $(5 \ge 3 = 15 \text{ marks})$

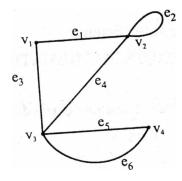
Part B

- 1. (a) Define a Proposition. Verify that the proposition $(p \land q) \land 7 (p \lor q)$ is a contradiction.
 - (b) Obtain the principal conjunctive normal form of $(P \land Q) \lor (P \lor Q \lor R)$.
- 2. (a) Show that $P(x) n(x) Q(x) \Rightarrow (3x) (P(x) n Q(x))$.

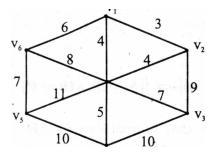
(b) Explain the indirect method of proof.

Turn over

3. (a) Prove that a finite tree with at least one edge has at least two vertices of degree 1.(b) Find the adjacency matrix for the following graph in Fig. 1 :-



4. (a) Find the minimal spanning tree by Prim's algorithm and Kruskal's algorithm in Fig. 2.



(b) Define acyclic directed graph.

 $(3 \times 15 = 45 \text{ marks})$