

FIRST SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JANUARY 2005

Computer Science

CS 104—NUMERICAL METHODS

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 60 Marks

Answer any **five** questions from Part A and any **three** from Part B.
Any missing data may be assumed and stated accordingly.

Part A

1. Obtain a root of the equation $x^3 + x^2 + x + 7 = 0$ by using bisection method (apply five iterations).
2. Solve the quadratic equation $x^3 + 9.9x - 1 = 0$ using two decimal digit floating arithmetic with rounding.
3. Solve the system of non-linear equations by Newton's method $x^2 - y^2 = 4$ and $x^2 + y^2 = 16$.
4. Solve the system of equations by Gauss Seidal method.

$$2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 5$$

$$3x_1 + 5x_2 + 2x_3 = 15$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 + 4x_3 = 8$$

5. Find the Lagrange's interpolating polynomial for the following data :—

| | | | |
|---|---------|---------|---------|
| x | 2 | 2.5 | 3.0 |
| y | 0.69315 | 0.91629 | 1.09861 |

6. Evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$ using Simpson's rule.
7. Solve by Euler's method $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$ and $y(0) = 0$. Compute $y(0.4)$ by taking $h = 0.2$.
(5 x 3 = 15 marks)

Part B

1. Explain the predictor-corrector formulae and use this to tabulate the solution of $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$ $y(0) = 0$ for $0.4 < x < 1.0$ with $h = 0.1$.

2. Find the largest eigen value and corresponding eigen vectors of the matrix $\begin{vmatrix} 5 & 2 & 1 & -2 \\ 2 & 6 & 3 & -4 \\ -2 & -4 & 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$

3. Explain the Spline interpolation a function $f(x)$ is defined as follows $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1+x, & 0 \leq x < 3 \\ 1+x+(x-3)^3, & 3 \leq x \leq 4 \end{cases}$. Show that $f(x)$ is a cubic Spline in $[0, 4]$.

4. Use Bairstow's method to obtain the quadratic factors of $f(x) = x^4 - 6x^3 + 18x^2 - 24x + 16 = 0$.
(3 x 15 = 45 marks)