

FIRST SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JANUARY 2007

Computer Science

CS 102—ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES

(2005 admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Part A

Answer any **five** questions.
Each question carries **8** marks.

1. (a) What are disadvantages of linear queue ? How are they overcome in circular queue ?
(b) What are the various queue operations ? Explain.
 2. Write an algorithm to insert an element and delete an element from a singly linked list.
 3. (a) Show that the maximum number of nodes in a binary tree of height h is $2h + 1$.
(b) Give *two* applications for Directed Acyclic Graphs.
 4. Explain the following
 - (a) Reference counts.
 - (b) AA-Trees.
 - (c) Hashing.
 - (d) Binary tree.
 5. (a) What are graphs ? Give various representation of graphs.
(b) Write procedures for various operations on stacks.
 6. (a) What are the advantages and disadvantages of doubly linked list over singly linked list ?
(b) Present an algorithm which checks whether a given +ve integer number is a Fibonacci or not.
Obtain an exact computing time.
 7. (a) Explain leftist heaps.
(b) Prove that the maximum number of nodes of a binary tree of depth k is $2h - 1$.
- (5 x 8 = 40 marks)

Part B

Answer any **four** questions.
Each question carries **10** marks.

1. (a) Write a function to insert and delete elements in a queue.
(b) What is the number of distinct binary trees that can be constructed from n nodes ?
2. (a) Write a nonrecursive function to reverse a singly linked list in $O(N)$ time.
(b) Write a procedure to insert a node in a linked list method.

Turn over

3. (a) Explain what is meant by a hashing function.
(b) Explain different probing techniques.
4. (a) Write an algorithm to count the leaf nodes in a binary tree.
(b) What are the properties of Red-Black trees ? Give the algorithm for insertion for Red-Black trees.
5. (a) Propose an algorithm to insert M nodes into a binary heap on N elements in $O(M + \log N \log \log N)$ time.
(b) Explain skew heaps and Fibonacci heaps.
6. (a) Write an algorithm for deleting an element in a circular linked list.
(b) Design a recursive linear-time algorithm that tests whether a binary tree satisfies the search tree order property at every node.

(4 x 10 = 40)

