| D 33 | 3367 | (Pages : 2) | Name |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| | | | Reg. No |
| FIRST SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY 2013 | | | |
| | | (CUCSS) | |
| Computer Science | | | |
| CSC 1C 02—ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES | | | |
| | | (2010 Admissions) | |
| Time: Three Hours | | , | Maximum: 36 weightage |
| | | Part A | |
| Answer all. | | | |
| Each question carries a weightage of 1. | | | |
| 1. | Define a doubly linked list. Explain | its use. | |
| 2. | 2. Give all possible representations of a binary tree having 4 nodes. | | |
| 3. | 3. What is a height balanced tree ? Give an example. | | |
| 4. | 4. What is the upper bound of a B tree? | | |
| 5. | 5. Write a recurrence relation for computing Fibonacci series. | | |
| 6. | . Give an example of a binary tree defined in an array. | | |
| 7. | . Compare B-tree with B+ and B* trees. | | |
| 8. | What is an AA tree? | | |
| 9. | Give an example of a treap. | | |
| 10. | What is double hashing? Give an e | example. | |
| 11. | What is splaying in a splay tree? | | |
| 12. | What is a binomial queue? | | |
| | | | $(12 \times 1 = 12 \text{ weightage})$ |
| | | Part B | |
| Answer any six. Each question carries a weightage of 2. | | | |
| 13. | Write a routine to swap two adjace. | nt elements of a linke | d list by interchanging elements. |
| 14. | Given a circular linked list, write an algorithm to reverse the direction of the links. | | |
| 15. | Explain linked list representation of | of a priority queue. | |
| 16. | Construct a binary tree from the fo | ollowing traversals: | |
| | Inorder : D B H | EAIFJ | CG |

Preorder: ABDEHCFIJG

Turn over

- 17. Build a max heap from the following set starting from an empty heap:
 - 19, 55, 44, 98, 67, 48, 95, 66, 70, 69, 30, 24, 99, 82
- 18. Show how a double ended queue can be implemented using two stacks.
- 19. Give a comparison of collision resolution techniques.
- 20. Prove that maximum number of nodes possible in a binary tree of height h is (2h-1).
- 21. How is a recursive algorithm complexity computed? Explain with the help of an example.

 $(6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ weigh})$

Part C

Answer any three.

Each question carries a weightage of 4.

- ²². Write an algorithm to display elements of a binary tree in level order.
- 23. Outline Tower of Hanoi problem. Give a recursive solution to the problem.
- ²⁴. Construct a heap of first 10 natural numbers starting from 1. Illustrate heap sorting.
- 25. Why height balancing is required in a search tree? Explain any height balanced search tn..
- 26. What is a 2-3 tree? Explain the properties and operations defined on it.
- 27. With the help of an example, explain how searching is done in a digital search tree.

 $(3 \times 4 = 12 \text{ weight})$