D 51730	(Pages : 2)	Name
		Reg. No
THIRD SEMESTER	R M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATIO	ON, DECEMBER 2013
	(CUCSS)	

Computer Science

CSC 3C 01—OPERATING SYSTEMS

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 36 Weightage

Part A

Answer **all** questions.

Each question carries 1 weightage.

- 1. What is a microkernel?
- 2. Define multithreading.
- 3. Differentiate between a mode switch and a process switch.
- 4. What is the significance of suspended process?
- 5. What is the principle of locality?
- 6. Explain Linux tasks.
- 7. Mention the four basic types of user mode processes supported by Windows.
- $8.\;\;$ What are the key design issues for an operating system that supports symmetric multiprocessing ?
- 9. What are the four conditions that create a deadlock?
- 10. Differentiate between paging and segmentation.
- 11. Define three techniques for performing I/O.
- 12. What are the important criteria in choosing a file organization?

 $(12 \times 1 = 12 \text{ weightage})$

Part B

Answer any **six** questions.

Each question carries 2 **weightage**.

- 13. Give a brief description of the architecture of Linux.
- 14. Briefly discuss the multithread architecture implemented in Solaris.
- 15. Explain the steps performed by an Operating System to create a new process.
- 16. Distinguish between user level threads and kernel level threads. List the advantages and disadvantages of each.
- 17. Explain the characteristics of real time operating systems.

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- 18. Briefly explain the concurrecny mechanisms of Unix Operating Systems.
- 19. Briefly explain scheduling in UNIX SVR4.
- 20. Explain how Windows perform real time and non-real time scheduling.
- 21. Explain the various approaches of I/O buffering.

 $(6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ weightage})$

Part C

Answer any **three** questions. Each question carries 4 weightage.

- 22. Discuss briefly the major design elements and architectural approaches introduced in both software and hardware, that have played a major role in the development of modern operating system.
- 23. Explain the compare how processes and threads are handled in Windows and Linux.
- 24. Discuss the paged virtual memory implemented in UNIX SVR4. How is the dynamic kernal memory allocation managed ?
- 25. Explain the various approaches for multiprocessor thread scheduling and processor assignment.
- 26. Explain the UNIX file system.
- 27. Discuss 110 management in Windows 2000.

 $(3 \times 4 = 12 \text{ weightage})$