C 48408	Name
	Reg. No

SECOND SEMESTER MA. HISTORY DEGREE EXAMINATION AUGUST 2008

09—IDEOLOGY AND PRACTICE OF THE NATIONAL MOVEMENT

(2007 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A

Answer any two of the following in about eight pages each.

- How far the introduction of English helped India to "Modernize" ? Give your arguments based on the language policy of the British.
- 2. Trace the growth of civil society during the days of domination and highlight its role in bridging the gap between government and people.
- 3. Evaluate the Socialist and Communist critique of Nationalism.
- 4. Describe the contribution of "Subalterns" (individuals, movements and organizations) to the National Liberation Struggle.

 $(2 \times 20 = 40 \text{ marks})$

Section B

Answer any eight of the following about three pages each:

- 5. Give a critical assessment of the Indian Nationalist Historiography.
- 6. Highlight the nature of the Colonialist and Bourgeoisie Nationalist "elite" during the liberation struggle.
- 7 Did "science and technology" serve during the colonial period as "tools of imperialism". Substantiate.
- 8. Measure the impact of Subhash Chandra Bose and his INA on the National scene.
- 9. Write on the nature and causes of the early tribal revolts of the early 19th century.
- 10. What were the scope and nature of the civil rebellions in the early 19th century?
- 11. Assess the achievements and weaknesses of the early nationalists.
- 12. Trace the roots of the Indian Constitution.
- 13. Evaluate the different stages of the freedom movement—Why revolutionary methods did not work?
- 14 Examine the "two Nation theory" and the circumstances leading to the creation of Pakistan.
- 15. Was there one "Nationalism" or several "nationalisms" during the period of independence—substantiate with concrete examples.
- 16. What are the arguments put forward by the "Cambridge School" and "Marxist School" of historians with regard to India's liberation movement?

 $(8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ marks})$

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