FOURTH SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JULY 2009

History

Paper II—CONTEMPORARY INDIA—PROBLEMS AND PROSPECTS

(2004 Admissions and later)

Time: Three Hours _____ Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A (Multiple Choice)

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. The term Non-Alignment was used first by:
 - (a) Nasser.

(b) Tito.

(c) Nkrumah.

- (d) Nehru.
- 2. When did Lal Bahadur Shastri become Prime Minister?
 - (a) 1964.

(b) 1963.

(c) **1972.** —

- (d) 1966.
- 3. Congress Party was reduced to a minority for the first time since independence was:
 - (a) in the Fifth Lok Sabha Elections.
 - (b) in the Sixth Lok Sabha Elections.
 - (c) in the Fourth Lok Sabha Elections.
 - (d) in the Seventh Lok Sabha Elections.
- 4. Diego Garcia is:
 - (a) the name of an island in the Indian Ocean when the US tried to establish her naval base since 1974.
 - (b) the name of a commander who died in the Bangladesh War.
 - (c) the name of the expert in the Constituent Assembly.
 - (d) the name of a person linked with Environmental movements.
- 5. Simla Agreement was signed in:
 - (a) 1971.

(b) 1972.

(c) 1975.

- (d) 1965.
- 6. After the emergency which party came to power:
 - (a) Janata Party.

- (b) Bharatiya Janata Party.
- (c) Indian National Congress.
- (d) Congress Socialist Party.

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- 7. Medha Patkar is linked with:
 - (a) Protest moves against the construction of Narmada Dam.
 - (b) the construction programmes of Narmada Dam.
 - (c) Protest moves against air-pollution.
 - (d) the Rehabilitation programmes for the mentally disabled.
- 8. When the crown paramountcy lapsed the State of Jammu and Kashmir:
 - (a) had already acceded to India.
 - (b) had already acceded to Pakistan.
 - (c) did not accede to either India or Pakistan.
 - (d) was retained by the British as its colony.
- 9. The Tashkent Declaration temporarily settled the disputes:
 - (a) between India and Pakistan.
- (b) between India and China.
- (c) between India and US.
- (d) between Pakistan and Bangladesh.
- 10. The competence of Nehru in handling the foreign affairs of India was questioned for the first time after:
 - (a) the failure in settling the Kashmir issue.
 - (b) the Afghan crisis.
 - (c) the aggression of India by the Chinese.
 - (d) India being a member of UN.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$

Section B (Short Essays)

Answer **any eight** out of the twelve questions. **Each** question carries 5 marks.

- 11. How successful were the third and fourth Five-Year Plans?
- 12. Give your comments on Indo-Pak Relations.
- 13. Account for the rise of Dalit consciousness.
- 14. Trace the developments that led to the rise of Hindu Politics.
- 15. Write a critical note on Women movements.
- 16. Highlight the achievements **made in** the literacy and education sectors.
- 17. Critically examine the nature of foreign relations that evolved after the fall of Soviet Union.

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- 18. How the contemporary India addresses the problems of Regional imbalances and unevenness of levelopment?
- 19. Evaluate the Developmental strategies followed in the contemporary India.
- 20. How is India economically affected by globalisation?
- 21. Review the major strategies of environmental movements.
- 22. Give your views on the formation of states on the basis of language.

5 = 40 marks

Section C (Essays)

Answer any **two** of the following. Each question carries **15** marks.

- 23. Trace the developments that led to the declaration of emergency and highlight its impact on Indian polity.
- 24. Critically examine the nature of India's relation with other countries.
- 25. How successful were the Five-Year Plan programmes of India?
- 26. Show how communalism emerged in Society and Politics.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$