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Time : Three Hours

Name.....

Reg. No.

FIRST SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY 2013

(CUCSS)

Mathematics

MAT 1C 03-REAL ANALYSIS-I

(2010 Admissions)

Maximum . 36 Weightage

Part A (Short Answer Questions) (1 - 14)

Answer **all** questions. Each question has 1 weightage.

- 1. Construct a bounded set of real numbers with exactly one limit point.
- 2. For x, y **ER**¹ let $d(x, y) = 1x^2 y^2 l$. Is d a metric on R? Justify your answer.
- Let E be a non-empty set of real numbers which is bounded above and let y = sup E. Prove that y E E.
- 4. Is a finite set closed ? Justify your answer.
- 5. Prove that the limit of a function is unique.
- 6. Construct a function which has a simple discontinuity at every rational point.
- 7. Let *f* be a differentiable function on [a, b]. Prove that *f* is continuous on [a. *b*].
- 8. Let *f* be a continuous function and f = 0 on [a, b]. If $\int f dx = 0$, then prove that f(x) = 0 for all

X E [a, b].

- 9. Let f_p f₂ be bounded functions and a be a monotonic increasing function on [a, b]. Prove that if f₂ are Reimann-Steiltjes integrable with respect to a on [a, b], then f₁ + 1₂ is Reimann-Steiltjes integrable with respect to a on [a, b].
- 10. Let f be a bounded function and a be a monotonic increasing function on [a, b]. If the partition P' is a refinement of the partition P of [a, b], then prove that.

L(l, f, L(P', f, a)).

11. Let γ be defined on $[0, 2\pi]$ by $_7(t) = e^{\gamma}$. Prove that y is rectifiable.

Turn over

- 12. Give an example of a convergent series of continuous functions with a discontinuous limit.
- 13. Prove that uniformly convergent sequence of bonded functions is uniformly bounded.
- 14. Define equicontinuous family of functions and give an example of it.

(14 x 1 = 14 weightage)

Part B

Answer any seven from the following ten questions (15–24). Each question has weightage 2.

- 15. Prove that the set of all integers is countable.
- 16. Prove that compact subsets of a metric space are closed.
- 17. Let f be a continuous real valued function on a metric space X. Prove that the set $Z(f) = \{x \in X | f(x) = 0\}$ is a closed subset of X.
- 18. Let [x] denote the largest integer less than or equal to x. What type of discontinuities does the function [x] have ?
- **19.** If *f* is a real valued differentiable function on (a, b). If f'(x) = 0 for all $\mathbf{x} \in (a, b)$, then prove that *f* is monotonic increasing on (a, b).
- 20. Let f be a bounded function and a be a monotonic increasing function on [a, b]. Prove that if f is Reimann-Steiltjes integrable with respect to a on [a, b], then |f| is Reimann-Steiltjes integrable

with respect to a on [a, b] and $\int_a f d\alpha = \int_a |f| d\alpha$.

21. For $1 < s < \infty$, define $\zeta(s) = Y_{x=1}^{-1}$. Prove that (s) = s $x - [x]_{x=1}^{-1} dx$ where [x] denote

the greatest integer less than or equal to x.

- 22. For what values of x does the series $\frac{1}{1 + n^2 x}$ converge absolutely.
- 23. Prove that the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (1-1) = \frac{x^2 n}{n^2}$ converges uniformly in every bounded interval.

24. Let K be compact, $f_n \in C$ (K) n = 1, 2, 3, ... and let $\{f_n\}$ be pointwise bounded and equicontinuous on K. Prove that $\{f_n\}$ is uniformly bounded on K.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ weightage})$

Part C

Answer any **two** from the following four questions (25–28). Each question has weightage 4.

- 25. (a) Prove that countable union of countable sets is countable.
 - (b) Prove that the cantor set is perfect.
- 26. (a) Prove that a mapping *f* of a metric space X into a metric space Y is continuous on X if and only if *f* (V) is open in X for every open set V in Y.
 - (b) Prove that continuous image of a connected space is connected.
- 27. (a) State Taylor's theorem.
 - (b) Let f be a bounded function, a be monotonic increasing function and a' is Reimann integrable on [a, b]. Prove that f is Reimann-Steiltjes integrable with respect to a on [a, b] if and only if f a' is Reimann integrable on [a, b].
- 28. Let 'y be a curve on [a, b] and let y' be continuous on [a, M. Prove that γ is rectifiable and

 $(\mathbf{\gamma}) = |\mathbf{y}'(t)| dt.$

 $(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ weightage})$