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Name

Reg. No.

FIRST SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JANUARY 2014

(CUCSS)

Mathematics

MAT 10 03—REAL ANALYSIS—I

(2010 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours _____

Maximum : 36 Weightage

Part A (Short Answer Questions (1- 14))

*Answer all questions.
Each question has 1 weightage.*

1. Prove that every neighborhood is an open set.
2. In closure of a connected set connected ? Justify your answer.
3. Prove that a closed subset of a compact space is compact.
4. Let E be an infinite subset of a compact set K . Prove that E has a limit point in K .
5. Prove that the composition of two continuous functions is continuous.
6. Explain discontinuities of first and second kinds.
7. Let $f(x) = |x|^{-1}$. Evaluate $f''(x)$ for all real x .
8. Let f be increasing on $[a, b]$ and continuous at $x_0 \in (a, b)$. If $f(x_0) = 1$ and $f(x) = 0$ for $x \neq x_0$, then prove that $\int_a^b f d\alpha = 0$.
9. Let f_1, f_2 be bounded functions and α be monotonic increasing function on $[a, b]$. Prove that if f_1, f_2 are Riemann-Stieltjes integrable with respect to α on $[a, b]$ and $f_1 = f_2(x)$ on $[a, b]$, then prove that $\int_a^b f_1 d\alpha = \int_a^b f_2 d\alpha$.
10. Let f be Riemann integrable on $[a, b]$ and for $a \leq x \leq b$ let $F(x) = \int_a^x f(t) dt$. Prove that F is continuous on $[a, b]$.
11. Let $\gamma : [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ be given by $\gamma(x) = (2x, x^2 + 1)$. Prove that γ is rectifiable.
12. If $\{f_n\}$ and $\{g_n\}$ converge uniformly on E , then prove that $\{f_n + g_n\}$ converge uniformly on E .

Turn over

13. Define **equicontinuous** family on functions and give an example of it.
14. Does a uniformly bounded sequence has a uniformly convergent subsequence? Justify your answer.

(14 x 1 = 14 weightage)

Part B

Answer any **seven** from the following ten questions. (15 - 24)

Each question has weightage 2.

15. Prove that countable union of countable sets is countable.
16. Prove that continuous image of a compact set is compact.
17. Let $I = [0, 1]$ be a closed unit interval and let f be continuous mapping of I into I . Prove that $f(x) = x$ for at least one $x \in I$.
18. Let $[x]$ denote the largest integer less than or equal to x and let $\{x\} = x - [x]$. What type of discontinuities does the function $\{x\}$ have?
19. Let f be defined on $[a, b]$. If f has a local maximum at a point $x \in (a, b)$ and if $f'(x)$ exists, then prove that $f'(x) = 0$.
20. Show by an example that the L' Hospital rule need not true for vector valued functions.
21. For $1 < s < \infty$, define $\zeta(s) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^s}$. Prove that $\zeta(s) = s \int_1^{\infty} \frac{[x]}{x^{s+1}} dx$, where $[x]$ denote the greatest integer less than or equal to x .
22. Let f be a bounded function and α be a monotonic increasing function on $[a, b]$. Prove that if f is Riemann-Stieltjes integrable with respect to α on $[a, b]$, then $|f|$ is Riemann-Stieltjes integrable with respect to α on $[a, b]$ and $\left| \int_a^b f d\alpha \right| \leq \int_a^b |f| d\alpha$.
23. Let K be a compact metric space and let $f_n \in C(K)$ for $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$. If f_n converges uniformly on K , then prove that $\{f_n\}$ is equicontinuous on K .
24. For $n = 1, 2, \dots$ and x real let $f_n(x) = \frac{x}{1+nx^2}$. Show that $\{f_n\}$ converges uniformly.

(7 x 2 = 14 weightage)

Part C

*Answer any two from the following four question (25-28)
Each question has weightage 4.*

25. (a) Let E be a non-compact set in \mathbb{R}^1 . Prove that there exists a continuous function on E which is not bounded.
(b) Prove that monotonic functions have no discontinuities of the second kind.
26. Let f be a continuous mapping of compact metric space X into a metric space Y . Prove that f is uniformly continuous on X .
27. (a) If f is differentiable on $[a, b]$, then prove that f' cannot have any simple discontinuity on $[a, b]$.
(b) Let f be a bounded function and α be a monotonic increasing function on $[a, b]$. Prove that f is Riemann-Stieltjes integrable with respect to α on $[a, b]$ if and only if for every $\epsilon > 0$ there exists a partition P of $[a, b]$ such that $U(P, f, \alpha) - L(P, f, \alpha) < \epsilon$.
28. (a) Prove that there exists a real continuous function on the real which is nowhere differentiable.
(b) State Stone-Weierstrass Theorem.

(2 x 4 = 8 weightage)