

D 51670

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Name.....

Reg. No.....

THIRD SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2013

(CUCSS)

Mathematics

MT 3C 12—FUNCTIONAL ANALYSIS—I

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 36 Weightage

Part A

Answer all the questions.

Each question carries weightage 1.

1. Show that every Cauchy sequence in a metric space is bounded. Is the converse true ? Justify your answer.
2. Show that $\int_0^{\pi} |D_n(t)| dt \rightarrow \infty$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$ where D_n denotes the n th Dirichlet Kernel.
3. Prove that the norm function on a linear space is uniformly continuous.
4. "Let X be a normed space. Show that if E_1 is open in X and $E_2 \subset X$, then $E_1 + E_2$ is open in X .
5. State Riesz Lemma.
6. Give an example of a discontinuous linear map from a normed space into a normed space.
7. Let X be a normed space and $P \in BL(X)$ satisfy $P^2 = P$. Show that $\|P\| = 0$ or $\|P\| = 1$.
8. Show that among all the l^p -spaces, $1 \leq p < \infty$, only l^2 is an innerproduct space.
9. Let X be an innerproduct space. Show that for $x, y \in X$, $\|x + y\|^2 = \|x\|^2 + \|y\|^2$ iff $\operatorname{Re}(\langle x, y \rangle) = 0$.
10. Let F be a subspace of an inner product space X and $x \in X$. Let $y \in F$ be such that $\|x - y\| = \inf_{z \in F} \|x - z\|$. Show that y is a best approximation from F to x .
11. Let X be a normed space over K and $a \neq 0 \in X$. Show that there is some $f \in X'$ such that $f(a) = \|a\|$ and $\|f\| = 1$.
12. Show that the linear space c_{00} cannot be a Banach space in any norm.
13. Is it true that every finite dimensional normed space is separable ? Justify your answer.
14. State uniform boundedness

(14 x 1 = 14 weightage)

Turn over

Part B

Answer any seven questions.

Each question carries weightage 2.

15. Show that the set of all polynomials in one variable is dense in $C[a, b]$ with the sup metric.
16. Show that $L^\infty([a, b])$ is not separable.
17. Let $x \in L^1([-\pi, \pi])$. Show that $\hat{x}(n) \rightarrow 0$ as $n \rightarrow \pm \infty$, where $\hat{x}(n)$ denotes the n th Fourier coefficient of x .
18. Show that the three norms $\|\cdot\|_1$, $\|\cdot\|_2$ and $\|\cdot\|_\infty$ on K are equivalent.
19. Let X and Y be normed spaces and Z be a closed subspace of X . Show that if $F \in BL(X/Z, Y)$ and if we let $F(x) = \tilde{F}(x + Z)$ for $x \in X$, then $F \in BL(X, Y)$ and $\|F\| = \|\tilde{F}\|$.
20. Let X and Y be inner product spaces. Show that a linear map $F: X \rightarrow Y$ satisfies $\langle F(x), F(y) \rangle = \langle x, y \rangle$ for all $x, y \in X$ iff it satisfies $\|F(x)\| = \|x\|$ for all $x \in X$, where the norms on X and Y are induced by the respective inner products.
21. Let E be a non-empty closed convex subset of a Hilbert space H . Show that for each $x \in H$, there exists a unique best approximation from E to x .
22. Let X be a normed space over K , Y be a subspace of X and $g \in Y$. Show that there is some $f \in X'$ such that $f|_Y = g$ and $\|f\| = \|g\|$.
23. Show that a normed space X is a Banach space iff every absolutely summable series of elements in X is summable in X . •
24. Let X and Y be Banach spaces and $F_n \in BL(X, Y)$, $n = 1, 2, \dots$. Show that there is some $F \in BL(X, Y)$ such that $F_n(x) \rightarrow F(x)$ for every $x \in X$ iff $(F_n(x))$ converges for every x in some set E whose span is dense in X and the set $\{\|F_n\| : n = 1, 2, \dots\}$ is bounded.

(7 x 2 = 14 weightage)

Part C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries weightage 4.

25. Show that for $1 < p < \infty$, the metric space \mathcal{L}^p is complete.
26. Let $\{u_\alpha\}$ be an orthonormal set in a Hilbert space H . Show that $\{u_\alpha\}$ is an orthonormal basis for H iff $x \in H$ and $(x, u_\alpha) = 0$ for all α , then $x = 0$.
27. Let X be a normed space over K , E be a non-empty open convex subset of X and Y be a subspace of X such that $E \cap Y = \emptyset$. Show that there is a closed hyperspace Z in X such that $Y \subset Z$ and $E \cap Z = \emptyset$.
28. Let X be a normed space and Y be a closed subspace of X . Show that X is a Banach space iff Y and X/Y are Banach spaces in the induced norm and the quotient norm, respectively.

(2 x 4 = 8 weightage)