D 6716

(**Pages : 3**)

Name...

Reg. No

THIRD SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2016

(CUCSS)

Mathematics

MT 3C 12—FUNCTIONAL ANALYSIS

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 36 Weightage

Part A

Short answer questions (1-14). Answer all questions. Each question has 1 weightage.

1. For $0 , define II <math>|| p : \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ by :

$$\mathbf{x} = \left(\sum_{j=1}^{n} \left| x(j)^{-} \right| \right)^{-}.$$

Is II x $\|_{\mu}$ a norm on \mathbb{R}^n ? Justify your answer.

- 2. Prove that the closure of a subspace of a normed space is a normed space.
- 3. Let X be a normed space. If E_1 is open in X and $E_2 C X$, then prove that $E_1 + E_2$ is open in X.
- 4. Let E be a convex subset of a normed space X. Prove that the closure E of E is a convex set.
- 5. Let X be a linear space of all polynomials in one variable with coefficients in C. For $p \in X$ with

 $p(t) = +a_1t + ... + a_nt$, let:

p II sup P(t) **I**:0 t_1 and $P = |a_0| + |a_1| + ... + |a_n|$.

Prove that II *P*

- 6. Prove that there exists a discontinuous linear map from $/^2$ into itself.
- 7. Let \langle , \rangle be an inner product in a linear space X and let $x \in X$. Prove that (x, y) = 0 for all $y \in X$, if and only if x = 0.
- 8. Let X be an inner product space with inner product $\langle \rangle$. **II** $x_n x \to 0$ and II $y_n | Y | \to 0$ then prove that $(x_n, y_n) \to (x, y)$.

Turn over

9. Let E be an orthonormal set in an inner product space X. Prove that II x = -2 for all $x, y \in E$ with $x \neq y$.

10. Let $u_n(t) = \frac{\sin nt}{\sqrt{\pi}}$ where $t \in [-\pi, \pi]$. Prove that $\{u_1, u_2, ..., I \text{ is an orthonormal set in } L^2([--a, \pi])$.

- 11. State Hahn-Banach Separation Theorem.
- 12. Give an example of a normed space which is not a Banach space.
- 13. Prove that in a Banach space X every absolutely summable series of elements in X is summable in X.
- 14. Define Schauder basis and give an example.

 $(14 \times 1 = 14 \text{ weightage})$

Part B

Answer any **seven** from the following ten questions (15-24). Each question has weightage 2.

- 15. Let X be a separable metric space and let Y c X. Prove that Y is separable.
- 16. Let *x*, *y* be measurable functions on a measurable subset E of R , let $0 and <math>\frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q} = 1$.

1

Prove that :

$$\int_{\mathbf{E}} |xy| d \leq \left(\int_{\mathbf{E}} x \, \mathrm{IP} \, dm \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \left(\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{E}} \, \mathrm{Iy} \, d \right)$$

- 17. Prove that finite dimensional subspaces of a normed space are closed.
- 18. Prove that a linear map F from a normed space X onto a normed space Y is a homeomorphism if there are a, $\beta > 0$ such that :

a $x = F(x) \parallel 5 \beta \parallel x \parallel$ for all $x \in X$.

19. Let \langle , \rangle be an inner product on a linear space X. For all x, $y \in X$, prove that :

$$4(x, y) = (x + y, x + y) - (x - y, x - y) + (x + iy, x + iy) - i(x - iy, x - iy).$$

20. Let $\{u_{\alpha}\}$ be an orthonormal basis in a Hilbert space H. For $x \in H$, prove that :

$$x = \sum (x, u_n) u_n \text{ where } \{u_1, u_2, \dots = \{u_{\alpha} : (x, u_{\alpha}) \neq \dots \}$$

- 21. Let E and F be closed subspaces of a Hilbert space H and E 1 F. Prove that E + F is a closed subspace of H.
- 22. Let E be a non-empty convex subset of a formed space X over a field K. If $E^{\circ} \neq 0$ and b belong to the boundary of E in X, then prove that there is a non-zero bounded linear functional f on X such that Re $(x) \leq \operatorname{Ref}(b)$ for all $x \in C$.
- 23. Let X be a normed space and let Y be a dense subspace of X. If g is a continuous linear functional on $Y(g \in Y')$, then prove that there is a continuous linear functional f on X such that $f_Y = g$.
- 24. Let Y be a closed subspace of a Banach space X. Prove that X/Y is a Banach space.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ weightage})$

Part C

Answer any two from the following four questions (25-28). Each question has weightage 4.

- 25. For 1 , prove that the metric space*IP*is complete.
- 26. Show that a non-zero Hilbert space H is separable if and only if H has a countable orthonormal basis.
- 27. Prove that every normed space can be embedded as a dense subspace of a Banach space.
- 28. State and prove Uniform Boundedness principle.

 $(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ weightage})$