

**SIXTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE (SUPPLEMENTARY/IMPROVEMENT)
EXAMINATION, MARCH/APRIL 2017**

(UG—CCSS)

Biotechnology

BT 6B 03—RECOMBINANT DNA TECHNOLOGY

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

I. Objective type questions. Answer *all* questions :

1. Which of the following enzymes is used to cut DNA in rDNA technology ?
 - (a) Phosphotase.
 - (b) Ligase.
 - (c) Restriction endonuclease.
 - (d) Ribonuclease.
2. Who created the first rDNA molecule ?
 - (a) Watson, Crick and Wilkins.
 - (b) Nathan, Arber and Smith.
 - (c) Paul Berg.
 - (d) Boyer and Cohen.
3. The first successful transformation of rDNA molecule into a bacterium was carried out by :
 - (a) Watson, Crick and Wilkins.
 - (b) Nathan, Arber and Smith
 - (c) Paul Berg.
 - (d) Boyer and Cohen.
4. The first rDNA molecule created was :
 - (a) A T4 phage fragment incorporated into SV40 vector.
 - (b) A lambda phage fragment incorporated into SV40 vector.
 - (c) A T4 phage fragment incorporated into pSC101 vector.
 - (d) A lambda phage fragment incorporated into pSC101 vector.
5. Which of these enzymes produce blunt ends in DNA ?
 - (a) Sal I.
 - (b) EcoRV.
 - (c) Xho I.
 - (d) Hind III.

Turn over

6. Isoschizomers recognize.

- (a) Same recognition sequence but different recognition site.
- (b) Same recognition site and recognition sequence.
- (c) Same recognition site and different recognition sequence.
- (d) Different recognition site and different recognition sequence.

Say True or False :

- 7. In gel electrophoresis, DNA molecules migrate from the positive to negative ends of the gel.
- 8. X-rays can cause formation of Thymine dimers.
- 9. "Golden rice" is so called because gold biolistic particles were used for transformation of rice.
- 10. Knockout mice are created by transfecting embryonic stem cells with an altered gene sequence.
- 11. Type II restriction endonucleases generally do not require ATP for action.
- 12. Recombinant retroviruses have been most successful for the introduction of DNA into humans for the purpose of gene therapy.

(12 × ¼ = 3 weightage)

II. Short answer type questions. Write brief notes on *all* of the following :

- 13. Humulin.
- 14. Bt toxins.
- 15. T-DNA.
- 16. Hyperchromicity of DNA.
- 17. Phagemids.
- 18. Artificial chromosomes.
- 19. Polymerase Chain Reaction.
- 20. Electroporation.
- 21. In situ hybridization.

(9 × 1 = 9 weightage)

III. Short answer or paragraph questions. Answer any *five* questions.

- 22. What is pharming ?
- 23. Briefly describe the process of Southern Blotting.
- 24. What are the essential features of an ideal vector for genetic engineering ?
- 25. Discuss the important applications of transgenic animals.
- 26. What is DNA fingerprinting ?
- 27. What are the problems faced in gene therapy ?
- 28. Give a brief account of sequencing DNA by Sanger's method

(5 × 2 = 10 weightage)

IV. Essay questions. Answer any *two* questions.

29. Give an account of the Human Genome Project and its implications.
30. What are the techniques adopted for generating transgenic plants ?
31. List the different applications of rDNA technology with examples of its successful application.

(2 × 4 = 8 weightage)