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SIXTH	SEMESTER B.A. DE	GREE EXA	MINATION,	MARC	CH/APRIL 2018
		(CUCBCSS-	–UG)		5/36.1
	randame d	History		Jule 1	terine arrant
	HIS 6E 04/HYD 6E	E 04—HISTO	RY OF HUMAN	RIG	HTS
Time: Three	Hours	And Short	a aditae		Maximum: 80 Marks
	Section A	(Objective	Type Questions)		
	Ans	wer all twelve	e questions.		
Choose the co	prrect answer:			STATE OF	auguli mitoù ar
1. Unive	ersal Declaration of Human	Rights was ad	opted by:	, nan	eaun's eign only. The
(a) Security Council.	(b)	General Assemb	ly.	to midmin al 11
(c) Secretariat.	(d)	League of Nation	ns.	ebas - 191
2. Who	abolished slavery in USA in	the year 1863	?	, which	asumee de ligna (
(a) Thomas Jefferson.	(b)	John F Kennedy	7. Table	No. 410 G. 64 TW
(c	Abraham Lincoln.	(d)	George Washing		ustra plantili ser
3. Keral	a State Human Rights Com	mission was es	stablished in the y	ear:	a mar application to
. (a) 1993.	(b)	1995.	hi call	ng neng melang di 1915 - 1955 - 19 Tanggan
(с) 1996.	(d)	1997.		
4. Who	was the chairman of the Dra	afting committ	ee of Indian const	itution	?
(a) Rajendra Prasad.	(b)	B. R. Ambedkar		
(c) Motilal Nehru.	(d)	None of them.		
				vers, is	

Fill in the blanks:

5. The famous Magnacarta was issued in the year ———.

6. The book 'Social Contract' was written by ———.

7. The term 'Apartheid' is meant by ———.

8. Liberty, Equality and Fraternity are the slogans of ———.

 $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ marks})$

Turn over

Match the following:

9. Abraham Lincoln

- The Rights of Man

10. Thomas Paine.

Abolition of Slavery

11. John Locke

- I have a Dream.

12. Martin Luther King

Second Treatise of Government

 $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ marks})$

Section B (Very Short Notes)

Answer any seven questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 13. Define Magna Carta.
- 14. Who was Rousseau?
- 15. Declaration of the Rights of Man and the Citizen.
- 16. Genocide.
- 17. English common law.
- 18. Write a note on Human Rights Watch.
- 19. What do you mean by Dalit Panthers?
- 20. Define Natural Rights.
- 21. What do you mean by Apartheid?

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Short Essays)

Answer any **five** questions. Each question carries 6 marks.

- 22. Write a note on Custodial deaths in Kerala.
- 23. Discuss the role of H. G. Wells towards the Rights of Man.
- 24. Assess Martin Luther King as a Human Rights Activist.
- 25. Write a note on American Independence Declaration.
- 26. Describe Human Rights Violations occurred in Abu Ghairb Prison.
- 27. Comment on the Significance of Women's movements in India After Independence.
- 28. Narrate the role of Teesta Setalwad in relation to Human Rights.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section D (Essay Questions)

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. Comment on the Human Rights Violations occurred in Sri Lanka recently.
- 30. Define Human Rights and bring out their relevance in the Modern Global Society.
- 31. Examine the role of Tribal Movements in India for achieving Human Rights.
- 32. What are the differences between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy? $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$

D	40	1	9	8	-A

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(Pa	ges	:	4)

Name	••••••
Reg. No	***************************************

SIXTH SEMESTER B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH/APRIL 2018

(CUCBCSS—UG)

History

HIS 6E 04/HYD 6E 04—HISTORY OF HUMAN RIGHTS

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions: 20

Maximum: 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- 2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- 3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- 4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS 6E 04/HYD 6E 04—HISTORY OF HUMAN RIGHTS

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

		lid the Amnesty internal form?		
	(A)	1956.	(B)	1965.
	(C)	1960.	(D)	1961.
2.	Which	organ is the final authority of the A	mnes	ty Internal?
	(A)	International council.	(B)	Security Council.
	(C)	General Assembly.	(D)	Trusteeship council.
3.	When o	lid the Human rights Watch establi	sh?	
	(A)	1987.	(B)	1997.
	(C)	1996.	(D)	1978.
4.	Which	country in the world has the larges	t num	ber of NGOs ?
	(A)	USA.	(B)	India.
	(C)	Canada.	(D)	Srilanka.
5.	Which	NGO in the field of human rights w	as bo	rn in the time of emergency in India?
	(A)	PUCL.	(B)	Action Aid India.
	(C)	Amnesty International.	(D)	People's Watch.
6.	Which	state does Irom sharmila belong to	?	
	(A)	Manipur.	(B)	Nagaland.
	(C)	Assam.	(D)	Sikkim.
7.	The ma	agazine Chaalaram is association w	ith wl	nich country?
	(A)	Cambodia.	(B)	Thailand.
	(C)	India.	(D)	Sri Lanka.
8.	What a	are the two countries involved in Ab	u Gar	rib prison torture?
	(A)	India and Sri Lanka.	(B)	Iraq and USA.
	(C)	Iraq.	(D)	USA.

9.	Whose	name is associated with CJP?		
	(A)	Teesta Setalvad.	(B)	Martin Luther King.
	(C)	Aang San Suki.	(D)	Vandana Shiva.
10.	Who w	as the civil rights activist delivered	the fa	amous 'I have a dream' speech?
	(A)	Roosevelt.	(B)	Martin Luther King.
	(C)	Winston Churchill.	(D)	Indira Gandhi.
11.	What is	s the purpose of human rights hot l	ine es	tablished by the UNO?
	(A)	To react rapidly to human rights e	emerg	encies.
	(B)	Rescue women.		
, kur y	(C)	Rescue war victims.		
	(D)	Rescue from natural calamities.		and he had store at the said of the store
12.	Who de	evised the term genocide?		real companion with the last
	(A)	Raphael Lemkin.	(B)	Banki Moon.
	(C)	Martin Luther King.	(D)	Woodrow Wilson.
13.	What is	s meant by apartheid?	7, 100	
	(A)	Mercy killing.	(B)	Imprisonment.
	(C)	Segregation.	(D)	Atrocities in war.
14.	Which	world conference on women stated	' Won	nen's rights are human rights'?
	(A)	Mexico conference.	(B)	Nairobi conference.
	(C)	Copenhagen conference.	(D)	Beijing conference.
15.	When o	did the national Commission on Hu	man l	Rights (NCHR) establish in India ?
	(A)	1995.	(B)	1992.
	(C)	1993.	(D)	1996.
16.	Which	organization among the following is	s not	associated with human rights?
	(A)	The Council of Europe.	(B)	Organization of African Unity.
	(C)	Organization of American States.	(D)	European union.

Turn over

17.	What is	s the area of the jurisdiction of the Council of Europe?
	(A)	Inter-State cases and individual applications.
	(B)	Inter state cases.
	(C)	Individual applications.
	(D)	International cases.
18.		is the Specialized Agency responsible for education, science, including social sciences, and within the United Nations system?
	(A)	UNESCO. (B) WHO.
	(C)	Amnesty International. (D) UNICEF.
19.	What d	oes the UNESCO convention in 1962 decide against Discrimination in Education?
	(A)	Equality of opportunity and treatment in matters of education.
	(B)	Equality of opportunity in education.
	(C)	Equality of treatment in education.
	(D)	None of the above.
20.		the UN agencies having special implementation procedures for the protection of human within their own fields of competence?
	(A)	UNESCO and ILO. (B) ILO.
	(C)	UNESCO. (D) Trusteeship council.