SECOND SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2015

(CUCBCSS-UG)

Complementary Course

Mathematics

MAT 2C 02-MATHEMATICS

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 80 Marks

Part A

Answer **all** questions,

- 1. Define a smooth curve.
- 2. Write down the relation connecting sinx and sinhx.

3. Evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{1} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x}}$$
.

- 4. Give an example of a non-decreasing sequence.
- 5. State Sandwich theorem for the sequence.
- 6. Define absolute convergent sequence.
- 7. Find the equation for a hyperbola with eccentricity = 3/2 and directrix x = 2.
- 8. What is the formula in polar co-ordinates for the area of the surface generated by revolving the curve about the x-axis.
- 9. Find the equation of the circular cylinder $4x^2 + 4y^2 = 9$ in cylindrical co-ordinates.
- 10. Define level surface of *f*.

ii Find
$$\lim_{y \to 0} \frac{x - xy \pm 3}{x^2 + 5xy + y}$$

12. Write down the chain rule for finding dw/dt if w = f(x, y, z) is differentiale and all x, y, z are differentiable functions of *t*.

(12 x 1 = 12 marks)

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Answer any **nine** questions.

- 13. Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region between the parabola $x = y^2 * 1$ and the line x = 3 about the line x = 3.
- 14. Find the length of the curve $y = \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{3} x^{3/2}$
- 15. Find the area under the curve y $1/\sqrt{x}$ from x = 0 to x=
- 16. Show that $\lim_{n \to \infty} k = k$.
- 17. Find $\lim_{n \to \infty} 1/\gamma^n$.
- 18. Graph the set of points whose polar coordinates satisfy $1 \le r \le 2$, $0 \le 0 \le \pi/2$.
- 19. Find all Cartesian equation of $r \cos \theta = -4$.

20. Find
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(1,1]} \frac{-y}{x-1} = \frac{-2x}{x-1}$$

- 21. Find f_x if $f(x, y) = x^2 + 3xy + y$
- 22. Find the length of the curve $r = 1 \cos 0$.
- 23. Find the length of curve $y = (x/2)^{2/2}$ from x = 0 to x = 2.
- 24. Find the directrix of the parabola $r = \frac{25}{10 + 10 \cos \theta}$

 $(9 \ge 2 = 18 \text{ marks})$

Part C

Answer any **six** questions.

25. Compare $\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{x^2}$ and $\int_{1}^{1} \frac{dx}{x^2}$

- 26. Find the lateral surface area of the cone generated by revolving the line segment x = 1 y, $0 < y 5_1$ about y-axis.
- **27.** Find the length of $y = x^{312}$ from x = 0 to x = 4.
- 28. Find the radius of convergence of n!
- **29. Find the Taylor series generated by** $f(x) = x^3 2x + 4$ about a = 2.
- **30. Graph the curve** $r^2 = 4 \cos \theta$.
- **31.** Find the area of the region lie inside r = 1 and outside $r = 1 \cos 0$.

32. Show that $f(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{Y}) = \frac{2x \mathbf{y}}{x + \mathbf{y}}$ has no limit as (x, y) approaches to (0, 0).

33. Find $dw \, l dt$ at t = 0 if w = xy + z, $x = \cos t$, $y = \sin t$, z = t.

 $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Part D

Answer any two questions.

34. Write down the shell formula. Using this find the volume of the solid generated for the following problems.

- (a) The region bounded by $y = \sqrt{x}$, the x-axis and the line x = 4 revolved about x-axis.
- (b) The region in the first quadrant bounded by $y = x^2$, y -axis and the line y = 1 revolved about x = 2.

35. Define radius and interval of convergence. Investigate the convergence of $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^n + 5}{2^n}, \frac{n^2}{n-1}$

36. (a) Write the chain rule and draw the tree diagram for finding $\frac{\partial w}{\partial r} \frac{\partial w}{\partial s}$ if $\mathbf{w} = \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{y}^2$

$$x = r - s, y = r + s.$$

(b) Using Implicit differentiation, find dy l dx if $x^2 + \sin y 2y = 0$.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$