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SECOND SEMESTER B.VOC. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2017

Software Development

SDC 2IT 06—PROGRAMMING IN JAVA

| Time | : | Three | Hours | | | Maximum: 80 Marks |
|--|-----|---|---------------------------------------|---------|------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | P | art A | | |
| | | | Answer | all qu | estions. | |
| 1 | V | Which of the following concepts of OOPS means exposing only necessary information to | | | | |
| | | (a) | Encapsulation. | (b) | Abstraction. | |
| | | (c) | Data hiding. | (d) | Data binding. | |
| 2 | . 7 | The ter | m API stands for ———. | | | |
| 3 | . " | final' is | s used to: | | | |
| | | (a) | Create a named constant. | (b) | Prevent overriding. | |
| | | (c) | Prevent inheritance. | (d) | All of the above. | |
| 4. All methods and variables in Interface are im | | | | | icitly ———. | |
| | | (a) | Public. | (b) | Private. | |
| | | (c) | Protected. | (d) | None of these. | |
| 5. An abnormal condition that arises in a code sequence at run | | | | | | |
| | | (a) | Exception. | (b) | Event. | |
| | | (c) | Invocation. | (d) | None of these. | |
| 6 | | Java by | yte streams are used to perform in | put ar | nd output for ———— | - bit. |
| 7 | . ' | Which of the following method is called by the browser just before an Applet is terminated? | | | | |
| | | (a) | Destroy(). | (b) | Terminate(). | |
| | | (c) | Stop(). | (d) | Start(). | |
| 8 |). | Which | is invoked after the init() method of | or brov | wser is maximized? | |
| | | (a) | Public void start(). | (b) | Public void paint (Gra | aphics g). |
| | | (c) | Public void stop(). | (d) | Public void init(). | |

Turn over

- 9. The Java Foundation Classes (JFC) is a set of GUI components which simplify the development of desktop applications (true/false).
- 10. The Java.net.InetAddress class represents an ————.
 - (a) Socket.

(b) IP Address.

(c) Protocol.

(d) MAC Address.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$

Part B

Answer any eight questions, not exceeding a paragraph of 50 words.

- 11. What is encapsulation?
- 12. Why Java is considered a portable language?
- 13. What is constructor?
- 14. Write a note about static keyword.
- 15. What is serialization?
- 16. Explain run() method in the Runnable Interface.
- 17. What are the different exception types in Java?
- 18. Explain about Applet class.
- 19. Draw the class hierarchy for Panel and Frame.
- 20. For what purpose start() method is used?
- 21. What are the differences between Swing and AWT?
- 22. What is proxy server?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ marks})$

Part C

Answer any six questions, in a page of 50 words.

- 23. What are the primitive data types supported by Java?
- 24. Write a program in Java to find the greatest of three numbers.
- 25. In which circumstance abstract class is used instead of Interface? Explain.
- 26. Compare method overloading and method overriding in Java with example.

- 27. Explain the life cycle of a thread.
- 28. Write a program in Java to create a text file.
- 29. What is meant by an event? Explain some event classes available in Java.
- 30. What are Applet life cycle methods? Explain them.
- 31. Explain JDBC architecture.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Part D

Answer any two questions, not exceeding four pages.

32. Explain in details about Java tokens.

Or

- 33. What are packages? Explain any five built-in packages available in Java.
- 34. What do you mean by synchronization in multi-threading? Explain how threads are synchronized in Java program? Explain the concept with an example program.

Or

35. Explain various Applet display methods with example.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$