

**SECOND SEMESTER B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2017**

(CUCBCSS—UG)

Complementary Course

SOC 1C 01—PRINCIPLES OF SOCIOLOGY

AND

SOC 2C 02—INDIAN SOCIETY

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

**Section A (Objective Type Questions)***Answer all the twelve questions.**Each question carries ½ mark.***PART I**

Fill in the blanks :

1. Term 'sociology' was derived by combining two words belonging to \_\_\_\_\_ and Latin.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ literally means blood relations.
3. A baseball team is an example of a \_\_\_\_\_ group.

True or False questions :

4. Learning one's own language is a process of secondary socialization.
5. According to GH Mead, the key stage of self formation starts from the age Five.
6. 'Looking Glass Self' is a concept of socialization developed by C H Cooley.

(6 × ½ = 3 marks)

**PART II**

Fill in the blanks :

7. According to B S Guha there are \_\_\_\_\_ types of racial groups in India.
8. The system of marriage in which a man marries more than one woman is called \_\_\_\_\_.
9. Parallel cousin marriage refers to the marriage between the children of \_\_\_\_\_.

**Turn over**

True or False questions :

10. According to G S Ghurye sub castes in India practice endogamous marriage.
11. The system of descent traced through both the parents are called unilateral descent.
12. Castes in India form a single hierarchy.

(6 × ½ = 3 marks)

**Section B (Very Short Answer Type Questions)**

*Answer any five questions from each part.*

*Each question carries 2 marks.*

Define the following concepts in 50 words :

**PART I**

13. Folkways.
14. Institution.
15. Matriliney.
16. Communalism.
17. Tertiary Kinship.
18. Totemism.

(5 × 2 = 10 marks)

**PART II**

19. Ethnic group.
20. Polyandry.
21. Kinship.
22. Cross cousins.
23. Sanskritisation.
24. Regionalism.

(5 × 2 = 10 marks)

**Section C (Short Essay Questions)**

*Answer any three questions from each part in less than 250 words.*

*Each question carries 5 marks.*

**PART I**

25. Describe the relevance of sociology in India.
26. Define community and give its basic features.

27. Present the linguistic composition of Indian society.
28. Discuss family as a social institution.

(3 × 5 = 15 marks)

PART II

29. Present the role of religion in Indian society.
30. Explain the different types of marriages in India.
31. What is meant by cultural pluralism ?
32. Present the basic features of a rural society.

(3 × 5 = 15 marks)

**Section D (Essay Questions)**

*Answer any **one** question from each part in 1,000 words.  
The question carries 12 marks.*

PART I

33. Distinguish between society, community and association.
34. Illustrate the role played by different agencies of socialization.

(1 × 12 = 12 marks)

PART II

35. Explain the nature and character of family system in India.
36. State why India is considered to be a country of Unity in Diversity.

(1 × 12 = 12 marks)