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THIRD SEMESTER B.Com. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2018

(CUCBCSS—UG)

BCM 3B 04—CORPORATE ACCOUNTING

[Common for B Com Vocational]

		[Common for B.Com. Vocational]
		(2016 Admissions)
Time:	Th	ree Hours Maximum: 80 Marks
		Part A
		Answer all the questions. Each question carries 1 mark.
1.	1	In the case of marine insurance reserve for unexpired risk is ————.
		(a) 50%. (b) 100%.
		(c) 40%. (d) none of these.
	2	Which profits are not available for declaration of dividend?
		(a) Revenue profit. (b) Capital profit.
		(c) Current years profit. (d) None of these.
*	3	Right share are those shares which are issued to ———.
		(a) Directors. (b) Promoters.
		(c) Existing share holders. (d) None of these.
	4	Banks show provision for bad debts, provision for taxation, proposed dividend under the head:
		(a) Contingent liabilities. (b) Other liabilities and provision.
		(c) Borrowing. (d) None of these.
	5	Which of the following is true regarding the requirements of Ind AS 102.
		(a) Private companies are exempt.
9 1		(b) Small companies are exempt.
		(c) Subsidiaries using their parent entity's shares as consideration for goods and services are exempt.
		(d) There are no exemptions from Ind AS 102.
II.	6	Under double account system, the profit and loss account is termed as ———.
	7	Dividend declared between two annual general meetings is called ———.
	8	Life insurance is a contract of ———.
	9	Banks are required to transfer ———— % of their profit to statutory reserve.
	10	IFRS 2 deals with ———.
		$(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$
		Part B
		Answer any eight questions. Each question carries 2 marks.
	11	What is IFRS?
	12	What is capital redemption reserve?

- 13 What is bonus share?
- 14 What do you mean by Sinking Fund?
- 15 What do you mean by Money at call and short notice?
- 16 What do you mean by Non Performing Assets?
- 17 What is statutory reserve?
- 18 What is re-insurance?
- 19 What is a prospectus?
- 20 What is share based payments?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ marks})$

Part C

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 21 What are the objectives IFRS?
- 22 Describe different methods of redeeming debentures.
- 23 Explain the meaning of double account system. State how it differs from single account system.
- 24 State the provisions of IFRS 20 relating to government grants and disclosure of govt assistance.
- A Ltd. purchases its own 12% debentures of 30,000 at Rs. 98 on 1-4-2015. Interest is payable on 30th June and 31st December every year. Give journal entries in the books of A Ltd. if the quotation is :
 - (i) Cum interest (ii) Ex-interest
- 26 Compute the amount of provision for doubtful debts from the following details of advances of National Bank Ltd:

		(Rs in lakhs)
Total loans and advances	:		50
Fully secured advances without any default by the borrowers			30
Advances overdue for 15 months	٠:		10
Advances overdue for more than 30 months but less than 36 months			
(Secured by mortgage of plant worth Rs. 3 lakhs)	:	٠.	5
Non-recoverable unsecured advances	:		3
Small advances not exceeding Rs. 25,000 to each borrower(unsecured) :		2

27 The revenue account of a Life Insurance Company shows the life assurance fund on 31st March, 2015 at Rs. 62,21,310 before taking account the following items:—

(a)	Claims covered under re-insurance	:	Rs. 12,000
(b)	Bonus utilised in reduction of premium	:,	Rs. 4,500
(c)	Interest accrued on securities	:	Rs. 8260
(d)	Outstanding premium	:	Rs. 5,410
(e)	Claims intimated but not admitted	:	Rs. 26,500

What is the Life assurance fund after taking in to account the above omission.

Vivek Ltd was granted 5,000 acres of land in a village, located near the slums out side the city limits, by a local government authority. The condition attached to this grant was that Vivek Ltd. should clean up this land and lay roads by employing labourers from the village in which the land is located. The government has fixed the minimum wage payable to the workers. The entire operation will take three years and is estimated to cost Ra. 100 million. The amount will be spent in this way: Rs 20 million each in the first and second years and Rs. 60 million in the third year. The fair value of this land is currently Rs. 120 million. Based on he principles laid down for accounting and recognition of grants, how this grant should be treated in the books of Vivek Ltd.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Part D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

	Tarretter and the questioner authoritem can be				
29	From the following particulars prepare the Balance Sheet of	Pro	gressive Ba	nk Ltd. as on 31s	st
	March, 2014:			~ ~	
	Particulars		Dr. Rs.	Cr. Rs.	
	Share capital			10,00,000	
	Reserve fund		-	16,00,000	
	Fixed deposit			40,00,000	
	Savings bank deposits		,	60,00,000	
	Current A/c		, -	2,20,00,000	
	Money at call and short notice in India		2,00,000		
	Bills discounted and purchased in India		9,00,000		
	Investments at Cost:				
	Central and state Govt. Securities	1,	,00,00,000		
	Debentures		4,00,000		
	Bullion		24,00,000		
	Premises at cost	1,	,00,00,000		
	Addition to Premises		20,00,000	-	
	Depreciation Fund on Premises		_	90,00,000	
	Cash with Reserve bank of India		34,00,000		
	Cash with State Bank of India		12,00,000		
	Unclaimed Dividend			24,000	
	Unexplained Discount		· ·	50,000	
	Loans, advances, overdraft and cash credit				
	in India	1	,00,00,000		
	Branch adjustment		57,94,000	_ '	
	Silver		2,00,000		
	Advance payment of Tax		1,10,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Interest accrued on investment		2,60,000	,	
	Non Banking assets acquired		70,000		
	Borrowings from banks in India			2,50,000	
	Bills payable			20,00,000	
	Profit and loss A/c including Rs. 2,10,000 for the year			4,10,000	
	Dividend fluctuation fund			6,00,000	
		4	,69,34,000	4,69,34,000	_
		-			-

Turn over

30 The following is the summarized Balance sheet of Peter Ltd. as at 31st March 2016:

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Share Capital		Furniture	80,000
40,000 Equity shares of 10 each	4,00,000	Building	2,00,000
Reserve Fund	1,80,000	Machinery	1,00,000
Profit and Loss A/c	60,000	Stock	40,000
10% Debentures	2,00,000	Sundry Debtors	60,000
Sundry Creditors	20,000	Bank	3,00,000
		Cash	80,000
	8,60,000	3	8,60,000

On 1^{st} April, 2016, Sagar Ltd took over the business of peter Ltd. as per the terms and conditions mentioned below :

- 1. Debentures are to be discharged at a premium of 5% in Sagar Ltd.
- 2. Creditors are to be paid off by Sagar Ltd.
- 3. Sagar Ltd. will issue 5 equity shares of Rs 10 each at a market value of Rs. 11 for every 4 equity shares of Peter Ltd.
- 4. Cost of liquidation Rs. 10,000 is to be paid by Sagar Ltd.

Close the books of Peter Ltd. and pass opening entries in the books of Sagar ltd. assuming that the amalgamation is in the nature of Purchase.

- 31 From the following balances as on December 31, 2015 appearing in the ledger of the Electric light and power Co. Ltd you are required to prepare:
 - (a) Revenue account (b) Net revenue account (c) Capital account and General Balance sheet.

	Rs.		Rs.
Equity shares	54,900	Stores on hand	700
Debentures	20,000	Cash	300
Lands on 31-12-2014	15,000	Cost of generating electricity	3,000
Lands purchased during 2015	500	Cost of distribution of electricity	600
Machinery on 31-12-2014	60,000	Rent rates and taxes	400
Machinery purchased in 2015	500	Management expenses	1,200
Mains including cost of laying		Depreciation	2,000
31-12-2014	20,000	Sale of current	13,200
Spent on mains during 2015	5,100	Rent of meters	300
Sundry creditors	100	Interest on debentures	1,000
Depreciation Fund	25,000	Dividends	2,000
Sundry debtors for current supplied	4,000	Balance of net revenue A/c	
Other debtors	50	31-12-2014	2,850
		$(2 \times 15 = 3$	0 marks)