

SECOND SEMESTER B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2018**(CUCBCSS—UG)****Complementary Course : Modern Indian History****HIS 1C 01 AND HIS 2C 01—INDIA UNDER COLONIAL RULE AND EARLY
RESISTANCES (1857–1885) AND INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT—FIRST PHASE
(1885–1917)****(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)****Time : 15 Minutes****Total No. of Questions : 20****Maximum : 20 Marks****INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

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(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. Who was the last Mughal Emperor ?
(A) Aurangaseb. (B) Bhahadur Shah II.
(C) Ibrahim Lodhi. (D) Sha Alam.
2. The British military officer who captured Delhi during the 1857 revolt ?
(A) Hugh Ross. (B) Lt Hudson.
(C) Nicholson. (D) Campell.
3. Who called the 1857 revolt as the first war of Indian Independence :
(A) Dada Bhai Naoroji. (B) V D Savarkar.
(C) A L Mehtha. (D) R C Majumdar.
4. Mangal Panday was Executed on :
(A) 9th May 1857. (B) 9th May 1858.
(C) 9th May 1890. (D) 8th July 1857.
5. "The Meerut outbreak was sudden and short-lived like a summer gale". This statement with reference to 1857 mutiny was of ————— ?
(A) S N Sen. (B) S B Choudhari.
(C) Gandhi. (D) Savarkar.
6. The treaty of Srirangapatna was signed between Tipu Sultan and :
(A) Robert Clive. (B) Cornwallis.
(C) Dalhousie. (D) Warren Hastings.
7. The treaty of Mangalore was signed between :
(A) The English East India Company and Haidar Ali.
(B) The English East India Company and Tipu Sultan.
(C) Haidar Ali and the Zamorin of Calicut.
(D) The French East India Company and Tipu Sultan.

8. Velu Thampi led a revolt against the British in state of :
(A) Travancore. (B) Baroda.
(C) Hyderabad. (D) Mysore.
9. Tipu sultan was the ruler of :
(A) Hyderabad. (B) Madurai.
(C) Mysore. (D) Vijayanagar.
10. The Sepoy Mutiny broke out in _____.
(A) 1847. (B) 1857.
(C) 1869. (D) 1887.
11. Indian National Congress was formed in _____.
(A) 1875. (B) 1885.
(C) 1875. (D) 1895.
12. Zamindari Association was launched in _____ in March 1838.
(A) Madras. (B) Calcutta.
(C) Bombay. (D) Kashmir.
13. Bengal British India Society founded in Calcutta on 20 April _____.
(A) 1843. (B) 1848.
(C) 1853. (D) 1857.
14. _____ was the first Asian to be a British MP and the first Indigin to become a Professor at Elphinstone Institution in 1850.
(A) Gopala Krishna Gokhale. (B) Dadhabai Naoroji.
(C) R. Balaji Rao. (D) Krishna Mallik.
15. _____ is called The 'Grand Old Man of India' and the 'Father of Indian Nationalism'.
(A) Dadhabai Naoroji. (B) Radhanath Sikder.
(C) Govindachandra Basak. (D) Amfitalal Mitra.

Turn over

16. Dadabhai Naoroji, who was born on 4th September 1825 at Khadak in _____.
(A) Mumbai. (B) Allahabad.
(C) Madras. (D) Calcutta.
17. _____ wrote a book Poverty and Un-British Rule in India.
(A) Dadhabai Naoroji. (B) Dwarkanath Tagore.
(C) Prasanna Kumar Tagore. (D) Rajkamal Sen.
18. _____ was a follower of Mahadev Ranade, popularly known as the socrates of Maharashtra.
(A) Tarachand Chakravarty. (B) D.R. Mukhopadhyaya.
(C) Gopala Krishna Gokhale. (D) Raja radhakant dev.
19. _____ was considered as the Guru of Mahatma Gandhi.
(A) Brojnath Dhar. (B) Krishnamohan Banerjee.
(C) Gopala Krishna Gokhale. (D) Govind Chandra Sen.
20. Gopala Krishna Gokhale was born in a Marathi Brahmin family at, _____.
(A) Kolhapur. (B) Allahabad.
(C) Calicut. (D) Madhya Pradesh.