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(Pages:3)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

SECOND SEMESTER B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2018

(CUCBCSS-UG)

Complementary Course

SOC 1C 01 - PRINCIPLES OF SOCIOLOGY

AND

SOC 2C 02 - INDIAN SOCIETY

Time : Three Hours

Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A (Objective Type Questions)

Answer all the twelve questions. Each question carries ½ mark.

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Part I

Fill in the blanks :

1. _____ defined sociology as an interpretive understanding of society.

2. Das Capital is a book written by _____

3. _____ is an example of a secondary group.

True or False questions :

4. Peer group is an agent of primary socialization.

5. An association is characterized by temporary membership

6. The word 'caste' is derived from the Latin word 'casta'.

$(6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3 \text{ marks})$

Part II

Fill in the blanks :

7. The word 'Sociology' is derived from the words _____.

8. The system of family in which only blood relatives live together is called _____.

9. _____ marriage means men from higher caste marry women from lower caste.

True or False questions :

10. Unilateral descent means descent traced through both parents.

11. Marrying father's sister's daughter is known as Parallel cousin marriage.

12. The term Sanskritisation was developed by G.S. Ghurye.

 $(6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3 \text{ marks})$

Turn over

Section B (Very Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any **five** questions from each part. Each question carries 2 marks. Define the following concepts in 50 words.

Part I

13.	Peer Group.	14.	Hypergamy.	
15.	Folkways.	16.	Public.	
17.	Anticipatory socialization.	18.	Extended family.	
				$(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ marks})$

PART II

19.	Urban society.	с. к	20.	Polygamy.
21.	Bilateral kinship.		22.	Dalit.
23.	Rural poverty.		24.	Racism.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Short Essay Questions)

Answer any **three** questions from each part in less than **250 words**. Each question carries 5 marks.

Part I

25. Discuss the nature of sociology.

26. Describe the differences between in group and out group.

27. Present the role of religion in Indian society.

28. Examine family as a an agent of socialization.

 $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ marks})$

PART II

29. Explain the nature and character of Institutions.

30. Define Marriage and explain the different types of marriages.

31. What is meant by cultural unity of India?

32. Present the background of origin of nuclear family.

 $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ marks})$

Section D (Essay Questions)

Answer any **one** question from each part in **1,000 words**. Each question carries 12 marks.

Part I

- 33. Distinguish between the different theories of socialization
- 34. Illustrate why sociology is considered as a western science?

 $(1 \times 12 = 12 \text{ marks})$

Part II

35. Write an essay on the rural character of Indian society.

36. Present the nature of kinship systems of India.

 $(1 \times 12 = 12 \text{ marks})$