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Reg. No

## FOURTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2018

(CUCBCSS-UG)

Complementary Course

		PHY 4C 04—ELECTRICITY MAGNETISM AND NUCLEAR PH	HYSICS			
Time :	Thre	ee Hours	Maximum : 64 Marks			
I.	I. Answer all questions, each question carries 1 mark:					
	1	A hollow sphere of copper is negatively charged. Then the electric field	d inside the sphere is			
	2	Small drops of the same size are charged to V volts each. If n such drosingle large drop, then its potential will be ————.	ops coalesce to form a			
	3	Two charges of 1C and 5C are placed at some distance in air. The ratio them is ———.	of the forces acting on			
	4	A voltmeter has a range of 1 V and resistance 1000 $\Omega$ . To extend the additional series resistance required is ———.	he range to 10 V, the			
	5	The carrier density in metallic conductors is of the order of ———.				
	6	Tesla is the unit for measuring ———.				
	7	Name one ferromagnetic material.				
	8	The spin angular momentum of the an electron is equal to ———.				
	9	Antiparticle of electron is ———.				
	10	Energy equivalent to 1 a.m.u. is ——— MeV.				
			$(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$			
II.	Ans	swer all seven questions, each question carries 2 marks:				
	11	How is work and energy related in electrostatics?				
	12	Define Farad.				
	13	What is potentiometer?				
	14	What is TAN A position in deflection magnetometer?				
	15	Discuss the properties of nuclear force.				
	16	What is hysteresis?				
. *	17	What is Milky Way?				
			$(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks})$			

Turn over

- III. Answer any two questions, each question carries 4 marks:
  - 18 Apply Gauss's theorem to find intensity of electric field at any point due to sheet of charge.
  - 19 Define electric current and current density. Establish the relation between the current density and the velocity of the charge carriers.
  - 20 Explain how deflection magnetometer can be used to determine moment of the magnet.
  - 21 Give the principle and working of any particle accelerator. Give its merits over other type.
  - 22 Explain why quarks in a hadrons have different colours. What are strange particles?

 $(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ marks})$ 

- IV. Answer any three questions, each question carries 4 marks:
  - 23 Calculate the force between the plates of a parallel plate capacitor, when the area of the plate is 300 cm.<sup>2</sup> each, the separation is 0.5 cm. and they are charged to PD 1000 volts.
  - An iron rod of 0.2 m. long 10 mm. in diameter and of relative permeability 1000 is placed inside a long solenoid wound with 300 turns/metre. If a current of 0.5 ampere is passed through the rod, find the magnetic moment of the rod.
  - 25 How long does it take for 60 % of a sample of radon to decay? Half life of radon = 3.8 days.
  - 26 The volume of the core of the transformer is 1000 cm.<sup>2</sup> It is fed with A.C. of 50 Hz. If the loss of energy due to hysteresis per hour is 36 Joules, calculate the area of B-H loop.
  - 27 1 MeV positron encounters a 1 MeV electron travelling in opposite direction. What are the wavelengths of the photons produced? Given, rest mass energy of electron or positron = 0.512 MeV.

 $(3 \times 4 = 12 \text{ marks})$ 

- V. Answer any two questions, each question carries 10 marks:
  - What is line charge density? Derive an expression for the electric field due to an infinitely long uniformly charged straight wire using Coulomb's law.
  - 29 Define "temperature coefficient of resistance". How is it determined using the Carey-Foster Bridge?
  - 30 Write an essay on elementary particles.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$