

C 61255

(Pages : 2)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

FOURTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019

(CUCBCSS—UG)

Physics

PHY 4C 04—ELECTRICITY MAGNETISM AND NUCLEAR PHYSICS

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 64 Marks

I. Answer *all* questions, each question carries 1 mark :

- 1 A hollow sphere of copper is positively charged. Then the electric field inside the sphere is _____.
- 2 A charge Q is divided into two parts and the two parts are separated by a certain distance. The force between them will be maximum if one of the charges is _____.
- 3 If electric field is uniform, electrical lines of force are _____.
- 4 Three resistors 2Ω , 3Ω , and 5Ω are connected in parallel across a battery of 10 V and of negligible internal resistance. The potential difference across the 3Ω resistor is _____.
- 5 If a wire is stretched to make it 0.1 % longer, the percentage change in its resistance would be _____.
- 6 The unit of magnetic induction in SI system is _____.
- 7 The arms of a deflection magnetometer in broadside on position are placed along _____.
- 8 The energy generation in Sun and Stars is mainly due to _____.
- 9 The half life of radium is 1600 years. The fraction of the sample that would remain after 6400 years is _____.
- 10 A neutrino is an elementary particle, having _____ mass and _____ charge.

(10 × 1 = 10 marks)

II. Answer all *seven* questions, each question carries 2 marks :

- 11 List the factors affecting capacitance of a capacitor.
- 12 What is superconductivity ?
- 13 Define temperature coefficient of resistance.
- 14 What is hysteresis ?

Turn over

- 15 What is half-life ?
- 16 What are Higgs boson?
- 17 What is Big Bang theory ?

(7 × 2 = 14 marks)

III. Answer any *two* questions, each question carries 4 marks :

- 18 Derive an expression for the force between the plates of a charged capacitor.
- 19 Define resistivity of a conductor. How does it depend upon temperature ? Why resistivity of a conductor increase with temperature ?
- 20 What is ferromagnetism ? Explain ferromagnetism on the basis of domain theory.
- 21 Explain how deflection magnetometer can be used to determine moment of the magnet.
- 22 Briefly outline the evidence that led to the discovery of the : (a) Positron ; and (b) Meson.

(2 × 4 = 8 marks)

IV. Answer any *three* questions, each question carries 4 marks :

- 23 An isolated metal sphere whose diameter is 10 cm. has a potential difference of 8000 volts. What is the energy density at the surface of the sphere ?
- 24 An iron rod of density 7700 kg m^{-3} and specific heat capacity $460.4 \text{ J kg}^{-1}\text{K}^{-1}$ is subjected to cycles of magnetization at the rate of 60 c/s. If the area of B - H curve for the specimen is 5000 joules, find the rise in temperature per minute of the specimen, assuming that the heat generated is not radiated.
- 25 Show that the mass of radium with an activity of a curie is almost 1 gm. (Mass number = 226, half-life = 1600 years).
- 26 A magnetic field of 1.6×10^3 MKS units produces a flux of 2.4×10^{-5} Wb in a bar of iron of cross-section 0.2 cm^2 . Find the permeability and susceptibility of the specimen.
- 27 If a pion decays from rest to give a muon of 4.0 MeV energy. What is the kinetic energy of the accompanying neutrino? What is the mass of the neutrino in this process ?

(3 × 4 = 12 marks)

V. Answer any *two* questions each question carries 10 marks :

- 28 Derive an expression for the electric field due to a circular-line charge at a point on its axis.
- 29 Explain the theory of potentiometer. How will you use it to ?
 - (a) Compare the e.m.f. of the two cells.
 - (b) Find the internal resistance of the cell.
- 30 Explain the latitude and altitude effect in cosmic rays. How are they accounted for ? What are cosmic ray showers and bursts? How do you account for the origin of showers ?

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)