$\mathbf{D}$	40	22	8-	A
--------------	----	----	----	---

(Pages	:	8
--------	---	---

Name	•••••
Reg. No	•••••

#### SIXTH SEMESTER B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH/APRIL 2018

(CUCBCSS—UG)

English

ENG 6B 01/DM ENG 6B 01—LITERARY CRITICISM AND THEORY

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions: 20

Maximum: 20 Marks

## INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- 2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- 3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- 4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

# ENG 6B 01/DM ENG 6B 01—LITERARY CRITICISM AND THEORY (Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	"Ten ha	ands" used for "ten workmen" is an	exam	ple for ———.
	(A)	Simile.	(B)	Synecdoche.
	(C)	Metaphor.	(D)	Symbol.
2.	"My lov	e is like a red red rose " is an exam	ple fo	r
	(A)	Simile.	(B)	Metaphor.
	(C)	Synecdoche.	(D)	Metonymy.
3.	The Fre	ench term for 'unknotting'		
	(A)	Denouement .	(B)	due ex machina.
	(C)	decorum.	(D)	None of these.
4.	The ter	rm anagnorisis means ————		* 3 1 2 1
	(A)	Recognition.	(B)	Reversal.
	(C)	Both "(A)'and "(B)".	(D)	Neither "(A)" nor "(B)".
5.	The Ep	oic Theatre was introduced by ——		
	(A)	Samuel Becket.	(B)	T.S. Eliot.
	(C)	William Golding.	$(\mathbf{D})$	Bertolt Brecht.
6.	Who is	the author of the work "Republic"	?	
	(A)	Aristotle.	(B)	Plato.
	(C)	Socrates.	(D)	Homer.
7.	The te	rm semiotics was introduced by:		
	(A)	Charles Sanders Pierce.	(B)	Ferdinand de sauddure.
	(C)	Noam Chomsky.	(D)	Edward Sapir.
8.	Who ir	ntroduced in linguistics the concept	of Co	mpetence and Performance?
	(A)	Charles Sanders Pierce.	(B)	Ferdinand de Saussure.
	(C)	Noam Chomsky.	(D)	Edward Sapir.

9.	Who in	troduced in linguistics the concept	simila	r to Chomsky's competence and Performance?
	(A)	Charles Sanders Pierce.	(B)	Leonard bloom Filed.
	(C)	Ferdinand De Saussure.	(D)	Edward Sapir.
10.		among the following implies the act a given language?	tual m	neaningful utterance of the individual speaking or
	(A)	Langue.	(B)	Parole.
	(C)	Performance.	(D)	Both parole and performance.
11.	Which	among the following are Saussure'	s majo	or pronouncements?
	(A)	Meaning is arbitrary.	(B)	Meaning is relational.
	(C)	Language constitutes reality.	(D)	All the above.
12.	Who sa	id: "Poetry shed no tears such as a	ngels	weep".
	(A)	Coleridge.	(B)	William Wordsworth.
	(C)	T.S. Eliot.	(D)	Aristotle.
13.	Wordsv	worth affixes an appendix to his	Prefac	ce to the Lyrical Ballads to express his view on
	(A)	Poetic diction.	(B)	Poetic process.
	(C)	Impersonal theory of poetry.	(D)	Poet.
14.	Which	among the following is the manifes	sto of I	Eliot's Criticism?
	(A)	Preface to the Lyrical Ballads.	(B)	Preface to the Fables.
	(C)	Preface to Shakespeare.	(D)	Tradition and Individual Talent.
15.	Histori	c sense involves a perception of:		
	(A)	History.		
	(B)	The pastness of the past and also	its pr	resentness.
	(C)	A sense of the historical incidents	S	
	(D)	The past.		

16.	Accordi	ing to Bharata — are the	— are the objective conditions producing an em							
	(A)	Vibhava.	(B)	Anubhava.						
	(C)	Vyabhicaribhava.	(D)	None of the above.						
17.	Accordi	ing to Bharata ———— are the	e vario	ous temporary emotions						
	(A)	Vibhava.	(B)	Anubhava.						
	(C)	Vyabhicaribhava.	(D)	None of the above.						
18.	Accordi	ing to Bharata ———— are the	e char	acters with respect to whom an emotion arouses						
	(A)	Vibhava.	(B)	Anubhava.						
	(C)	Vyabhicaribhava.	(D)	AlambanaVibhava.						
19.	The em	notion of anger being accompanied	by bit	ing of the teeth is an instance of ————.						
	(A)	Vibhava.	(B)	Anubhava.						
	(C)	Vyabhicaribhava.	(D)	AlambanaVibhava.						
20.	In "Sak	tumtalam", Sakumtala is ————	to	excite Sringara in Dushyanta						
	(A)	Vibhava.	(B)	Anubhava.						
	(C)	Vyabhicaribhava.	(D)	AlambanaVibhava.						

D	4	Λ	0	0	0
1,	4	u	Z	Z	a

,	-						-	
	Р	a	Ø	0	3	•	3	١

Name.	•••	••	•	•	••		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	••	• •	•

Rog	Vo		

## SIXTH SEMESTER B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH/APRIL 2018

(CUCBCSS—UG)

## English

## ENG 6B 01/DM ENG 6B 01—LITERARY CRITICISM AND THEORY

Time: T	Thre	ee Hour	$\mathbf{s}$			Maximum: 80 Marks
I.	Ans	swer the	e following bunches of que	estions :		
* *	1	Plato v	vas the most celebrated di	sciple of —		
		(a)	Socrates	(b)	Aristotle	*
		(c)	Aristophanes	(d)	None of the above	
	2	Aristot	tle considers ————	— as the en	d of poetry	
		(a)	Pleasure	(b)	Satire	
* *		(c)	Comedy	(d)	Laughter	
	3	The ea	rliest work of Indian aest	hetics is —		
		(a)	NatyaSastra	(b)	KavyaKautuka	
		(c)	VakroktiJivita	(d)	AlankaraSastra	
	4	1	are the psycho-p	hysical man	ifestation which a par	rticular emotion makes upon
		charac	eters.			
		(a)	Vibhava	(b)	Anubhava	
		(c)	Vyabhicaribhava	(d)	None of the above	
,	5	The do	ominant emotions are call	ed		
		(a)	Anubhavas	(b)	Vibhavas	
		(c)	Stayibhavas	(d)	Sancharibhavas	
	6	"The F	Preface to the Lyrical Ball	ads" was pu	ıblished in the year –	
		(a)	1978	(c)	1789	
		(b)	1798	(d)	1879	
	7	Who is	s the author of "Cours de l	Linguistiqu	e".	
		(a)	Ferdinand de Saussure	(b)	Jacques Derrida	
		(c)	Roland Barthes	(d)	Claude de Levi Stra	auss

Turn over

8	The concept of objective correlative is associated with ————.
	(a) Aristotle. (b) Plato.
	(c) Words worth. (d) T. S Eliot.
9	In which phase of feminist literature, according to Showalter women wrote in an effort to equalize the intellectual achievements of the male culture?
	(a) The feminine. (b) The feminist.
	(c) The female. (d) None of the above.
10	A light dramatic work with improbable plot and exaggerated characters is called
	(a) Satire. (b) comedy.
	(c) farce. (d) humour.
	$(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$
Ans	swer any ten of the following questions in two or three sentences:
11	According to Plato, how art is twice removed from reality?
12	What is the chief function of poetry, according to Aristotle?
13	What are Anuhhavasl.
14	What is Vakrokti?
15	What is Alankara?
16	What was Wordsworth's principal object of the Lyrical Ballads?
17	What, according to Eliot, is the relationship between the past and the present?
18	What is Synchronic linguistics?
19	What is gynocriticism?
20	What is Simile?
21	What is Lyric?
22	Absurd Literature.
	$(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$
Ans	swer any $four$ of the following questions in a paragraph of 100 words:
23	Why, according to Plato, tragedy enjoyable?
24	The characteristics of a tragedy according to Aristotle.

II.

III.

- 25 Explain the process of Sadharanikarana.
- 26 Eliot's analogy of the catalyst.
- 27 Objective correlative.
- 28 Post modernism.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

- IV. Answer any two of the following questions in 300 words:
  - 29 What are Plato's charges against poetry?
  - 30 Elucidate how Vyanjana works as the leading principle of art criticism, the source of literary charm and the magic wand.
  - 31 The whole trend of Wordsworth's writings, both poetic and critical, was towards the simplification of life. Evaluate.
  - 32 What are the ways in which structuralism is used as a method of study? And how did it revolutionize our habits of reading and understanding things?

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$