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SIXTH SEMESTER B.S.W. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH 2019

(CUCBCSS)

B.S.W.

BSW 6B 12—LEGAL INFORMATION FOR SOCIAL WORKERS

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 80 Marks

Part A

All questions are compulsory.

Each question carries 1 mark.

- $1. \ \ \, \text{The fundamental duties are incorporated into the constitution through}:$
 - (a) 42nd amendment.
 - (b) 43rd amendment.
 - (c) 46th amendment.
 - (d) 48th amendment.
- 2. Social legislation is needed to:
 - (a) To ensure social justice.
 - (b) To bring about social reform.
 - (c) To bring about desired social change.
 - (d) All of these.
- 3. Which article in the constitution provides for free and compulsory education for all children until 14 years of age ?
 - (a) Art 39.

(b) Art 39 (e).

(c) Art 45.

- (d) Art 24.
- 4. The Right to Information Act was enacted in the year —

(a) 2000.

(b) 2002.

(c) 2005.

(d) 2008.

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5. The Act provides "preference shall be given to women" in the appointment as judges of the Court

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- (a) JJ Act 2000.
- (b) The Family Courts Act.
- (c) National Commission for Women Act 1990.
- (d) National Commission for the Empowerment of Women.
- 6. Dr. Ambedkar called it "the very heart and soul of the Constitution". What is that?
 - (a) The Preamble of the constitution. (b) Fundamental Rights.
 - (c) Directive Principles.
- (d) Right to Constitutional Remedies.
- 7. A foreigner who desires to adopt a child from India will complete the procedure through:
 - (a) The Hindu adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956.
 - (b) Guardians and Wards Act, 1890.
 - (c) Supreme Court Guidelines for the Adoption of Children, 2015.
 - (d) Ch. VIII of Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2015.
- 8. ———— has been constituted to give free legal services to the people and ensures that the operation of the legal system promotes justice on a basis of equal opportunity.
 - (a) State Legal Service Authority.
 - (b) Special Juvenile Police Unit.
 - (c) Free Legal Aid Cell.
 - (d) Legal Authority of India.

 $(8 \times 1 = 8 \text{ marks})$

Part B (Short Answer Questions)

Answer any **four** questions. Each question carries 3 marks.

- 9. State the relationship between social legislation and social work.
- 10. Preamble of Indian constitution.
- 11. Probation and parole.
- 12. National Human Rights Commission.

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- 13. PIL.
- 14. SJPU.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12 \text{ marks})$

Part C (Short Essay Questions)

Answer any **five** questions. Each question carries 6 marks.

- 15. Discuss the role of social workers in providing legal aid and assistance to the needy.
- 16. Discuss the various provisions in Indian constitution to protect and promote the interests of women?
- 17. Explain the different ways through which one can seek redressal of their petitions in Supreme Court?
- 18. Explain the functions and duties of National Commission for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.
- 19. Critically examine the different legislations which ensure the matrimonial rights of Indian citizens under different religions?
- 20. Mention the key components of Persons with Disabilities Act (2016).
- 21. State the responsibilities of the employer in creating a workplace free of sexual harassment as per the guidelines under Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Part D (Essay Questions)

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 22. Mention the salient features of Right of children to Free and Compulsory Education Act and suggest ways to make RTE more effective among disadvantaged populations.
- 23. Highlight the main provisions of Family Court Act (1984). What are the guidelines that are followed by the Family Courts in dealing with a case?
- 24. Explain in detail the legislations pertaining to the protection of women in India.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$