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Reg. No.....

SIXTH SEMESTER B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH 2019

(CUCBCSS)

Chemistry

CHE 6B 13 (E2)—POLYMER CHEMISTRY

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 80 Marks

Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. Give the structure of Benzoyl Peroxide.
- 2. Who invented nylon?
- 3. Give an example for copolymer.
- 4. What are the monomers of Poly carbonate.
- 5. What is nylon 6?
- 6. Give the name of a synthetic rubber?
- 7. What is meant by liquid resin?
- 8. Name two natural polymers.
- 9. Give two examples for biodegradable polymers.
- 10. What is number average molecular weight?

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$

Part B

Answer any ten questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. What is EPDM?
- 12. What is ABS resin, give one use.
- 13. How are silicones prepared?
- 14. What are flame retardants?
- 15. What are fillers, give examples?
- 16. Write on inorganic polymers.

Turn over

- 17. What are high temperature polymers?
- 18. What is TMA?
- 19. Distinguish between thermoplastics and thermosettings
- 20. What are engineering plastics?
- 21. What is meant by recycling of plastics?
- 22. Which polymer is used in making blood bag. Why?

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Part C

Answer any **five** questions. Each question carries 6 marks.

- 23. Give difference between wet and dry spinning.
- 24. Give tensile stress-strain curve for different polymeric materials.
- 25. How will you distinguish between plastics, fibres and elastomers?
- 26. Explain calendering with diagram.
- 27. What is extrusion, co-extrusion and film extrusion?
- 28. Discuss solution viscosity method for molecular weight determination.
- 29. How will you use DSC to study polymer degradation?
- 30. Give the important uses of Synthetic rubbers.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Part D

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 31. Compare addition and condensation polymerisations.
- 32. Explain light scattering.
- 33. Give the preparation, properties and uses of PVC.
- 34. Derive expression for kinetics of stepwise polymerisation.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$